Multi-Range DC Power Supply

PSW Series

USER MANUAL



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER



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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to insure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.

WARNING	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.	
	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the PSW or to other properties.	
<u>Å</u>	DANGER High Voltage	
	Attention Refer to the Manual	
	Protective Conductor Terminal	
\mathcal{A}	Earth (ground) Terminal	



Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

General Guideline	Do not place any heavy object on the PSW.Avoid severe impact or rough handling that leads to damaging the PSW.
	Do not discharge static electricity to the PSW.Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals.
	Do not block the cooling fan opening.Do not disassemble the PSW unless you are qualified.
Power Supply	 AC Input voltage rating: 100Vac-240Vac +/-10% Frequency: 47Hz~63Hz To avoid electrical shock connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground.
Cleaning the PSW	 Disconnect the power cord before cleaning. Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid. Do not use chemicals containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.
Operation Environment	 Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below) Relative Humidity: 20%~ 85% Altitude: < 2000m Temperature: 0°C to 50°C

	• Mains supply voltage fluctuations: +/-10 %
	Overvoltage category: OVC II
	 If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired. LAN, RS232/RS485, USB, and GPIB ports are
	only to be connected to the circuits which are separated from mains supply by double / reinforce insulation.
	(Pollution Degree) EN 61010-1 and EN 61010-2-030 specify the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The PSW falls under degree 2.
	Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity".
	 Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence.
	 Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected.
	 Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non- conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.
Storage	Location: Indoor
environment	• Temperature: -25°C to 70°C
	• Relative Humidity: <90%, no condensation
Disposal	Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.

s. All hazardous wiring must be immediately destroyed and replaced in accordance to the above standard.

GETTING STARTED

This chapter describes the power supply in a nutshell, including its main features and front / rear panel introduction. After going through the overview, please read the theory of operation to become familiar with the operating modes, protection modes and other safety considerations.



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PSW Series Overview

Series lineup

The PSW series consists of 18 models, divided into 3 different model types covering 3 power capacities: Type I (360 Watt), Type II (720 Watt) and Type III (1080 Watt).

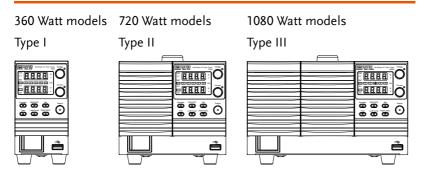
Note Note	Throughout the user manual, PSW 30, PSW 40, PSW 80, PSW 160, PSW 250 or PSW 800 will refer to any of the PSW models with a maximum voltage rating of 30V, 40V, 80V, 160V, 250V or 800V, respectively.			
Model name	Туре	Voltage Rating	Current Rating	Power
PSW 30-36	Type I	0~30V	0~36A	360W
PSW 40-27	Type I	0~40V	0~27A	360W
PSW 80-13.5	Type I	0~80V	0~13.5A	360W
PSW 160-7.2	Type I	0~160V	0~7.2A	360W
PSW 250-4.5	Type I	0~250V	0~4.5A	360W
PSW 800-1.44	Type I	0~800V	0~1.44A	360W
PSW 30-72	Type II	0~30V	0~72A	720W
PSW 40-54	Type II	0~40V	0~54A	720W
PSW 80-27	Type II	0~80V	0~27A	720W
PSW 160-14.4	Type II	0~160V	0~14.4A	720W
PSW 250-9	Type II	0~250V	0~9A	720W
PSW 800-2.88	Type II	0~800V	0~2.88A	720W
PSW 30-108	Type III	0~30V	0~108A	1080W
PSW 40-81	Type III	0~40V	0~81A	1080W
PSW 80-40.5	Type III	0~80V	0~40.5A	1080W
PSW 160-21.6	Type III	0~160V	0~21.6A	1080W

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PSW Series User Manual

PSW 250-13.5	Type III 0~250V	0~13.5A	1080W
PSW 800-4.32	Type III 0~800V	0~4.32A	1080W

Apart from the differences in output, each unit differs in size. The 720 and 1080 watt models are larger than the 360 watt models to accommodate the increase in power.



Main Features

Performance	 High performance/power
	Power efficient switching type power supply
	Low impact on load devices
	• Fast transient recovery time of 1ms
	Fast output response time
Features	• OVP, OCP and OHP (OTP) protection
	 Adjustable voltage and current slew rates
	 User adjustable bleeder control to quickly dissipate the power after shutdown to safe levels.
	 Extensive remote monitoring and control options
	 Support for serial* and parallel connections. *(30, 40, 80, 160 volt models only)

	• Power on configuration settings.		
	Supports test scripts		
	Web server monitoring and control		
Interface	Ethernet portAnalog connector for analog voltage and current monitoring		
	• USB host and device port		

Accessories

Please check the contents before using the PSW.

PSW 30/40/80/160 Accessories

Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
	CD-ROM	User manual, programming manual
		Power cord (Type I/II)
		Power cord (Type III)
		Output terminal cover
	GTL-123	Test leads: 1x red, 1x black
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	PSW-004	Basic Accessory Kit:
		M4 terminal screws and washers x2, M8 terminal bolts, nuts and washers x2, Air filter x1, Analog control protection dummy x1, Analog control lock level x1

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Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	GET-001	Extended terminal with max. 30A
	GET-005	Extended European terminal with max. 20A
	PSW-001	Accessory Kit:
		Pin contact x10, Socket x1, Protection cover x1
	PSW-002	Simple IDC Tool
	PSW-003	Contact Removal Tool
	PSW-005	Series operation cable for 2 units.
	PSW-006	Parallel operation cable for 2 units.
	PSW-007	Parallel operation cable for 3 units.
	GRA-410-J	Rack mount adapter (JIS)
	GRA-410-E	Rack mount adapter (EIA)
	GUG-001	GPIB to USB adapter
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	PSW-010	Large filter (Type II/III)
	GUR-001A	RS-232 to USB adapter with M3 rivet nut (Support only when firmware version is 2.25 or above)
	GUR-001B	RS-232 to USB adapter with #4-40 UNC rivet nut (Support only when firmware version is 2.25 or above)
Download	Name	Description
	psw_cdc.inf	USB driver

PSW 250/800 Accessories

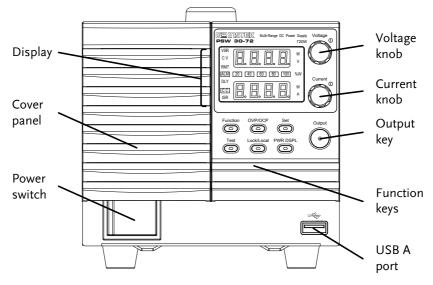
-		
Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
	CD-ROM	User manual, programming manual
		Power cord (Type I/II)
		Power cord (Type III)
		High voltage output terminal cover
	GTL-240	USB Cable
		High voltage output terminal
	PSW-008	Basic Accessory Kit:
		(Air filter x1, Analog control protection dummy x1, Analog control lock level x1
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	GET-002	Extended terminal with max. 10A
	PSW-001	Accessory Kit:
		Pin contact x10, Socket x1, Protection cover x1
	PSW-002	Simple IDC Tool
	PSW-003	Contact Removal Tool
	PSW-006	Parallel operation cable for 2 units.
	PSW-007	Parallel operation cable for 3 units.
	GRA-410-J	Rack mount adapter (JIS)
	GRA-410-E	Rack mount adapter (EIA)
	GTL-130	Test leads: 2x red, 2x black

	GUG-001	GPIB to USB adapter
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	PSW-010	Large filter (Type II/III)
	GUR-001A	RS-232 to USB adapter with M3 rivet nut (Support only when firmware version is 2.25 or above)
	GUR-001B	RS-232 to USB adapter with #4-40 UNC rivet nut (Support only when firmware version is 2.25 or above)
Download	Name	Description
	psw_cdc.inf	USB driver

Appearance

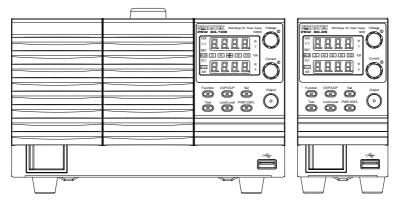
PSW Front Panel

720W: PSW 30-72, 40-54, 80-27, 160-14.4, 250-9, 800-2.88



1080W: PSW 30-108, 40-81, 80-40.5, 160-21.6, 250-13.5, 800-4.32

360W: PSW 30-36, 40-27, 80-13.5, 160-7.2, 250-4.5, 800-1.44



Function KeysThe Function keys along with the Output key will
light up when a key is active.



The Function key is used to configure the power supply.



Set the over current or over voltage protection levels.



Sets the current and voltage limits.



Used to run customized scripts for testing.



Locks or unlocks the panel keys to prevent accidentally changing panel settings.



Toggles the display from viewing $V/A \rightarrow V/W$ or A/W^* . *Press the Voltage knob for V/W, press the Current knob for A/W.

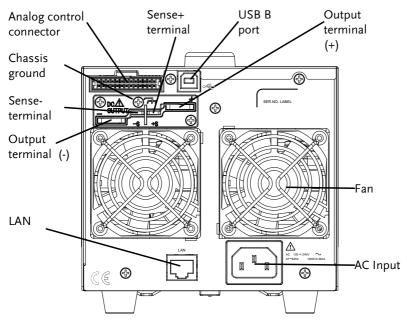
Display Indicators

VSR	Voltage Slew Rate
CV	Constant Voltage Mode
RMT	Remote Control Mode
ALM	Alarm on
DLY	Delay Output
CC	Constant Current Mode
ISR	Current Slew Rate
20 40 60	Power bar
80 100 % W	Indicates the current power output
	as a percentage.

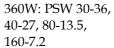
Voltage Knob	Voltage (1)	Sets the voltage.
Current Knob	Current (1)	Sets the current.
Output	Output	Press to turn on the output. The Output key will light up when the output is active.
USB		USB A port for data transfer, loading test scripts etc.
Power Switch	0 1	Used to turn the power on/off.

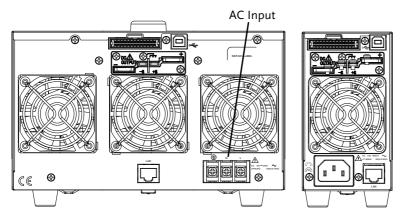
Rear Panel

720W: PSW 30-72, 40-54, 80-27, 160-14.4

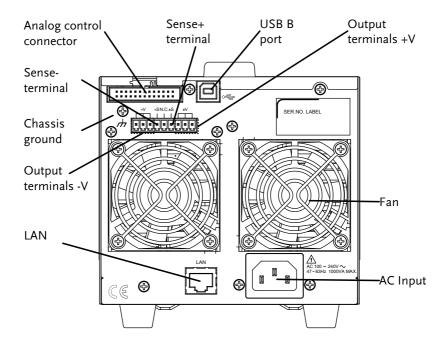


1080W: PSW 30-108, 40-81, 80-40.5, 160-21.6



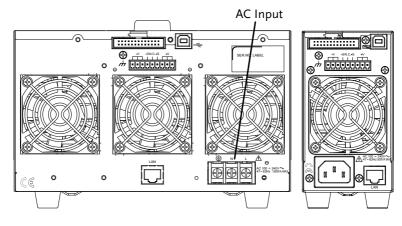


720W: PSW 250-9, 800-2.88



1080W: PSW 250-13.5, 800-4.32

360W: PSW 250-4.5, 800-1.44



Analog Control Connector

Standard 26 pin MIL connector (OMRON XG4 IDC plug).

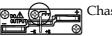
> The analog control connector is used to monitor current and voltage output, machine status (OVP, OCP, OHP (OTP) etc.), and for analog control of the current and voltage output.

Use an OMRON XG5 IDC socket as the mating socket.

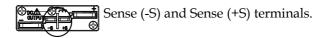
Output Terminals (30, 40, 80, 160 volt models)



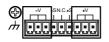
Positive (+) and negative (-) output terminals.



Chassis ground

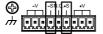


Output Terminals The 250 and 800 volt models use a 9 pin connector and a plug for the output and sense terminal (250, 800 volt models) connections. The plug is a MC420-38109Z plug by DECA SwitchLab Inc. This plug is also available separately (GW part number PSW-012).



Positive (V+) and negative (V-) output terminals (3 of each).





Sense (-S) and Sense (+S) terminals.

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USB B port



The USB B port is used for remote control.

Fans

Ethernet Port



Line Voltage Input

(Type I/TypeII)

Line Voltage

Input

(Type III)



Temperature controlled fans

The ethernet port is used for remote control and digital monitoring from a PC.

Type I: PSW 30-36/40-27/80-13.5/ 160-7.2/250-4.5, 800-1.44

Type II: PSW 30-72/40-54/80-27/ 160-14.4/250-9, 800-2.88

- Voltage Input: 100~240 VAC
- Line frequency: 50Hz/60 Hz (Automatically switchable)

160-2

Type III:

PSW 30-108/40-81/80-40.5/ 160-21.6/250-13.5/800-4.32

- Voltage Input: 100~240 VAC
- Line frequency: 50Hz/60 Hz (Automatically switchable)

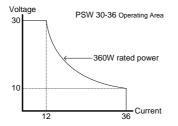
Theory of Operation

The theory of operation chapter describes the basic principles of operation, protection modes and important considerations that must be taken into account before use.

Operating Area Description

Background The PSW power supplies are regulated DC power supplies with a high voltage and current output. These operate in CC or CV mode within a wide operating range limited only by the output power.

> The operating area of each power supply is determined by the rated output power as well as the voltage and current rating. For example the operating area and rated power output for the PSW 30-36 is shown below.

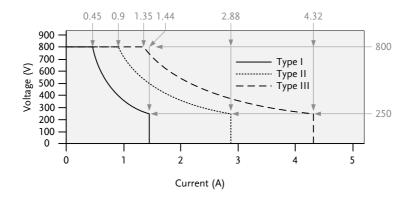


When the power supply is configured so that the total output (current x voltage output) is less than the rated power output, the power supply functions as a typical constant current, constant voltage power supply.

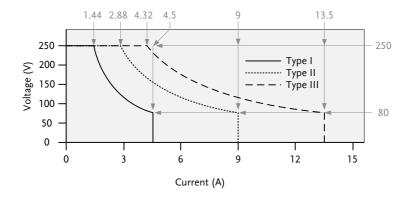
If however, the power supply is configured such that the total output (current x voltage output) exceeds the rated power output, the effective output is actually limited to the power limit of the unit. In this case the output current and voltage then depend purely on the load value.

Below is a comparison of the operating areas of each power supply.

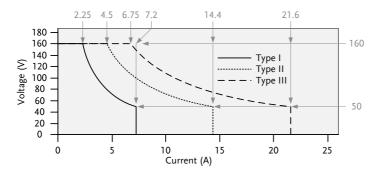
PSW 800V Series Operating Area



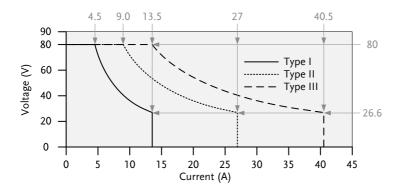
PSW 250V Series Operating Area



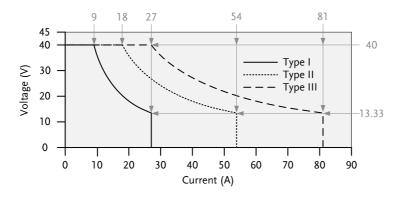
PSW 160V Series Operating Area



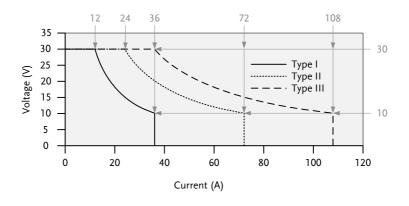
PSW 80V Series Operating Area



PSW 40V Series Operating Area



PSW 30V Series Operating Area



CC and CV Mode

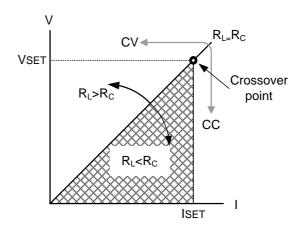
CC and CV mode When the power supply is operating in constant current mode (CC) a constant current will be supplied to the load. When in constant current mode the voltage output can vary, whilst the current remains constant. When the load resistance increases to the point where the current limit (I_{SET}) can no longer be sustained the power supply switches to CV mode. The point where the power supply switches modes is the crossover point.

When the power supply is operating in CV mode, a constant voltage will be supplied to the load, whilst the current will vary as the load varies. At the point that the load resistance is too low to aamaintain a constant voltage, the power supply will switch to CC mode and maintain the set current limit.

The conditions that determine whether the power supply operates in CC or CV mode depends on

the set current (I_{SET}), the set voltage (V_{SET}), the load resistance (R_L) and the critical resistance (R_C). The critical resistance is determined by V_{SET}/I_{SET} . The power supply will operate in CV mode when the load resistance is greater than the critical resistance. This means that the voltage output will be equal to the V_{SET} voltage but the current will be less than I_{SET} . If the load resistance is reduced to the point that the current output reaches the I_{SET} level, the power supply switches to CC mode.

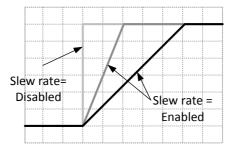
Conversely the power supply will operate in CC mode when the load resistance is less than the critical resistance. In CC mode the current output is equal to I_{SET} and the voltage output is less than V_{SET} .



Slew Rate

Theory

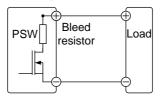
The PSW has selectable slew rates for CC and CV mode. This gives the PSW power supply the ability to limit the current/voltage draw of the power supply. Slew rate settings are divided into High Speed Priority and Slew Rate Priority. High Speed Priority mode disables slew rate settings for CC or CV mode. Slew Rate Priority mode allows for user adjustable slew rates for CC or CV mode. The rising and falling slew rate can be set independently.



Bleeder Control

Background

The PSW DC power supplies employ a bleed resistor in parallel with the output terminals.



Bleed resistors are designed to dissipate the power from the power supply filter capacitors when power is turned off and the load is disconnected. Without a bleed resistor, power may remain charged on the filter capacitors for some time and be potentially hazardous.

In addition, bleed resistors also allow for smoother voltage regulation of the power supply as the bleed resistor acts as a minimum voltage load.

The bleed resistance can be turned on or off using the configuration settings.



By default the bleed resistance is on. For battery charging applications, be sure to turn the bleed resistance off as the bleed resistor can discharge the connected battery when the unit is off.

Sink Current Table

Background Sink current (reference value) from an external voltage source according to the bleeder circuit setting.

PSW 30-36

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
1	1.455	0.000
3	1.733	0.000
5	1.559	0.002
10	1.123	0.009
15	0.715	0.014
20	0.471	0.021
25	0.353	0.031
30	0.267	0.038

PSW 30-72

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
1	2.378	0.000
3	3.613	0.000
5	3.249	0.004
10	2.340	0.008
15	1.487	0.014
20	0.974	0.022
25	0.730	0.028
30	0.544	0.048

PSW 30-108

Vout -	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
1	3.645	0.000
3	5.373	0.000
5	4.838	0.001
10	3.510	0.008
15	2.261	0.011
20	1.512	0.018
25	1.153	0.029
30	0.884	0.042

PSW 40-27

Vout -	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
5	1.193	0.002
10	0.994	0.009
15	0.799	0.014
20	0.625	0.021
25	0.51	0.025
30	0.445	0.03
35	0.397	0.035
40	0.356	0.041

PSW 40-54

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
5	2.408	0.002
10	2.010	0.01
15	1.629	0.013
20	1.274	0.021
25	1.060	0.026
30	0.982	0.031
35	0.876	0.035
40	0.801	0.042

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PSW 40-81

GETTING STARTED

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
5	3.601	0.002
10	2.997	0.012
15	2.403	0.016
20	1.880	0.021
25	1.593	0.028
30	1.458	0.033
35	1.301	0.037
40	1.182	0.043

PSW 80-13.5

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
Vout Sink Current		rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
5	0.640	0.002
10	0.589	0.009
20	0.488	0.015
30	0.387	0.026
40	0.292	0.032
50	0.224	0.045
60	0.188	0.058
80	0.140	0.084
00	0.140	0.084

PSW 80-27

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
5	1.292	0.004
10	1.191	0.009
20	0.989	0.017
30	0.789	0.028
40	0.607	0.036
50	0.485	0.046
60	0.415	0.058
80	0.315	0.095

PSW 80-40.5

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
5	1.932	0.000
10	1.776	0.007
20	1.468	0.014
30	1.164	0.024
40	0.912	0.035
50	0.725	0.043
60	0.616	0.054
80	0.465	0.101

PSW 160-7.2

Vout -	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
10	0.173	0.009
20	0.164	0.017
40	0.146	0.034
60	0.128	0.057
80	0.112	0.076
100	0.101	0.095
130	0.093	0.128
160	0.088	0.207

PSW 160-14.4

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
10	0.356	0.004
20	0.339	0.013
40	0.303	0.028
60	0.269	0.048
80	0.237	0.065
100	0.216	0.088
130	0.201	0.119
160	0.191	0.171

PSW 160-21.6

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
10	0.539	0.005
20	0.512	0.013
40	0.458	0.032
60	0.405	0.052
80	0.355	0.070
100	0.321	0.103
130	0.298	0.136
160	0.283	0.185

PSW 250-4.5

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
10	0.158	0.031
30	0.143	0.098
50	0.129	0.164
80	0.107	0.267
100	0.092	0.333
150	0.061	0.508
200	0.463	0.697
250	0.035	0.961

PSW 250-9

Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
Sink Cu	rrent
(A)	(mA)
0.317	0.055
0.288	0.169
0.259	0.291
0.215	0.470
0.186	0.587
0.124	0.885
0.096	1.193
0.072	1.538
	Sink Cu: (A) 0.317 0.288 0.259 0.215 0.186 0.124 0.096

PSW 250-13.5

Vout -	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout -	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
10	0.471	0.086
30	0.427	0.252
50	0.382	0.425
80	0.316	0.678
100	0.273	0.849
150	0.179	1.272
200	0.136	1.693
250	0.100	2.136

PSW 800-1.44

Vout -	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
20	0.061	0.056
50	0.058	0.138
100	0.054	0.274
200	0.046	0.550
300	0.037	0.823
400	0.029	1.097
600	0.020	1.653
800	0.015	2.214

PSW 800-2.88

Vout -	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
20	0.119	0.096
50	0.114	0.224
100	0.105	0.494
200	0.089	0.993
300	0.072	1.496
400	0.056	1.998
600	0.038	3.001
800	0.028	4.088

PSW 800-4.32

Vout -	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
20	0.181	0.214
50	0.173	0.361
100	0.161	0.714
200	0.136	1.435
300	0.111	2.173
400	0.867	2.890
600	0.060	4.375
800	0.044	5.950

Internal Resistance

Background	On the PSW, the internal resistance of the power supply can be user-defined in software. (Internal Resistance Setting, page 103). When the internal resistance is set it can be seen as a resistance in series with the positive output terminal. This allows the power supply to simulate power sources that have internal resistances such as lead acid batteries.	
Internal		
Resistance Range	Unit Model	Internal Resistance Range
Ũ	PSW 30-36	0.000 ~ 0.833 Ω
	PSW 30-72	0.000 ~ 0.417 Ω
	PSW 30-108	0.000 ~ 0.278 Ω
	PSW 40-27	0.000 ~ 1.481 Ω
	PSW 40-54	0.000 ~ 0.741 Ω
	PSW 40-81	0.000 ~ 0.494 Ω
	PSW 80-13.5	0.000 ~ 5.926 Ω
	PSW 80-27	0.000 ~ 2.963 Ω
	PSW 80-40.5	0.000 ~ 1.975 Ω
	PSW 160-7.2	0.000 ~ 22.222 Ω
	PSW 160-14.4	0.000 ~ 11.111Ω
	PSW 160-21.6	0.000 ~ 7.407 Ω
	PSW 250-4.5	0.00 ~ 55.55Ω
	PSW 250-9	0.00 ~ 27.77Ω
	PSW 250-13.5	0.00 ~ 18.51 Ω
	PSW 800-1.44	0.0 ~ 555.5Ω
	PSW 800-2.88	0.0 ~ 277.8 Ω
	PSW 800-4.32	0.0 ~ 185.1Ω

Alarms

The PSW power supplies have a number of protection features. When one of the protection alarms are set, the ALM icon on the display will be lit. For details on how to set the protection modes, please see page 62.

OVP	Overvoltage protection (OVP) prevents a high voltage from damaging the load.
OCP	Overcurrent protection prevents high current from damaging the load.
онр (отр)	Overheat (Over temperature) protection protects the instrument from overheating.
Power Switch Trip	When the Power Switch Trip configuration setting is enabled, the power supply will automatically shut down when a protection setting has been tripped (OCP, OVP, OHP (OTP)).
Alarm output	Alarms are output via the analog control connector. The alarm output is an isolated open- collector photo coupler output.

Considerations

The following situations should be taken into consideration when using the power supply.

Inrush current	When the power supply switch is first turned on,
	an inrush current is generated. Ensure there is
	enough power available for the power supply
	when first turned on, especially if a number of
	units are turned on at the same time.

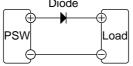
Caution	inrush current	ower on and off quickly can cause the t limiting circuit to fail as well as reduce fe of the input fuse and power switch.
Pulsed or Peaked loads	When the load has current peaks or is pulsed, it is possible for the maximum current to exceed the mean current value. The PSW power supply ammeter only indicates mean current values, which means for pulsed current loads, the actual current can exceed the indicated value. For pulsed loads, the current limit must be increased, or a power supply with a greater capacity must be chosen. As shown below, a pulsed load may exceed the current limit and the indicated current on the power supply ammeter.	
	Current limit level Measured Ammeter current	

Reverse Current: When the power supply is connected to a Regenerative load regenerative load such as a transformer or inverter, reverse current will feed back to the power supply. The PSW power supply cannot absorb reverse current. For loads that create reverse current, connect a resistor in parallel (dummy load) to the power supply to bypass the reverse current.

To calculate the resistance for the dummy resistor, R_D , first determine the maximum reverse current, I_R , and determine what the output voltage, E_O , will be.

	PSW R _D E _O Load I _R -	
Note Note	The current output will decrease by the amount of current absorbed by the dummy resistor.	
	Ensure the resistor used can withstand the power capacity of the power supply/load.	
Reverse Current: Accumulative energy.	When the power supply is connected to a load such as a battery, reverse current may flow back to the power supply. To prevent damage to the power supply, use a reverse-current-protection diode in series between the power supply and load.	
	Diode	

 $R_D(\Omega) \le E_O(V) \div I_R(A)$





Ensure the reverse withstand voltage of the diode is able to withstand 2 times the rated output voltage of the power supply and the forward current capacity can withstand 3 to 10 times the rated output current of the power supply.

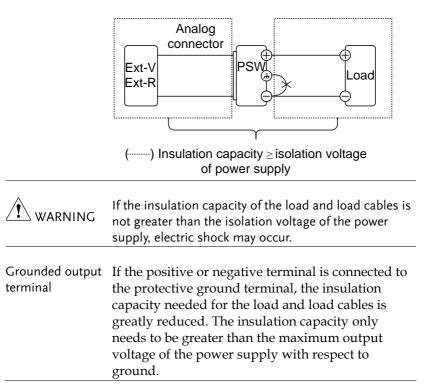
Ensure the diode is able to withstand the heat generated in the following scenarios.

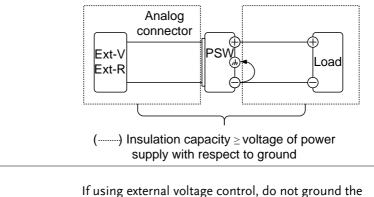
When the diode is used to limit reverse voltage, remote sensing cannot be used.

Grounding

The output terminals of the PSW power supplies are isolated with respect to the protective grounding terminal. The insulation capacity of the load, the load cables and other connected devices must be taken into consideration when connected to the protective ground or when floating.

Floating As the output terminals are floating, the load and all load cables must have an insulation capacity that is greater than the isolation voltage of the power supply.







If using external voltage control, do not ground the external voltage terminal as this will create a short circuit.

OPERATION

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Set Up

Line Voltage Connection – Type III Models

Background	The Type III (PSW 30-108/40-81/80-40.5/ 160-21.6/250-13.5/800-4.32) models use a universal power input that can be used with 100 and 200 VAC systems. To connect or replace the power cord (GW Instek part number: 4320- 91001101, use the procedure below:
Warning	The following procedure should only be attempted by competent persons.
	Ensure the AC power cord is not connected to power.
Removal	1. Turn off the power switch.
	 Unscrew the power cord protective sheath. Remove the 2 screws holding the power cord cover and remove.

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		Slide the cover off the AC terminals. Remove the AC power cord wires.		5	
Installation	1. •	Connect the AC power cord wires to the AC input terminals. White/Blue \rightarrow Neutral (N) Green/Green- yellow \rightarrow GND ($\stackrel{\frown}{\equiv}$) Black/Brown \rightarrow Line (L)			
	2.	Set the cover back over the	Ground	Neutral	Line
		AC terminals.			
	3.	Re-install the power cord cover.			
	4.	Screw the power cord sheath back onto the cover.		4	3)

Filter Installation

Background	The PSW has a small filter (GW Instek part
	number, 57RG-30B001X1) that must first be
	inserted under the control panel before operation.
	The small filter must be inserted for all model
	types (Type I/II/III).

Steps 1. Insert the small filter in the open area under the control panel.



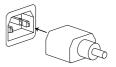
Type II shown as an example

2. The unit is now ready to power up.

Power Up

Steps

 Type I or II: Connect the power cord to the rear panel socket.



Type III: Connect the power cord to the universal power input.

Page 44

2. Press the POWER key. If used for the first time, the default settings will appear on the display, otherwise The PSW recovers the state right before the power was last turned OFF.

For default configuration settings, see page 163.







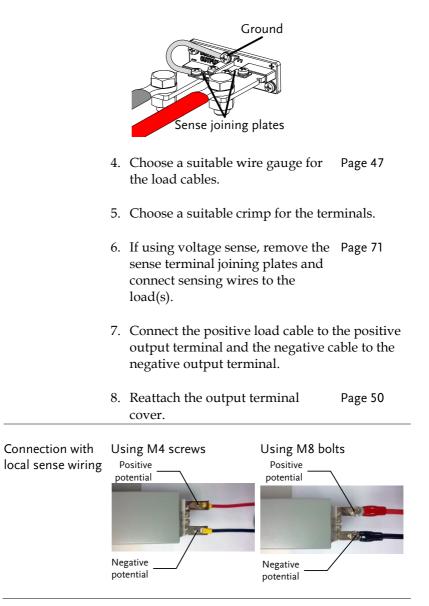
The power supply takes around 8 seconds to fully turn on and shutdown.

Do not turn the power on and off quickly. Please wait for the display to fully turn off.

Wire Gauge Considerations

Background	Before connecting the output terminals to a load, the wire gauge of the cables should be considered.			
	It is essential that the current capacity of the load cables is adequate. The rating of the cables must equal or exceed the maximum current rated output of the instrument.			
Recommended	Wire Gauge	Nominal Cross	Maximum	
wire gauge		Section	Current	
	20	0.5	9	
	18	0.75	11	
	18	1	13	
	16	1.5	18	
	14	2.5	24	
	12	4	34	
	10	6	45	
	8	10	64	
	6	16	88	
	4	25	120	
	2	32	145	
	1	50	190	
	0	70	240	

Output Termir	degrees abov ambient tem	95 120 m temperature r ve the ambient te perature must b /40/80/160	emperature.	The
Background	load, first co used, the ga	ecting the outp onsider whether uge of the cable oltage of the ca	r voltage se e wiring and	nse will be d the
	-	terminals can b 5 M4 sized screv		
WARNING	instrument i	roltages. Ensure s disabled before ut terminals. Fail k.	e handling th	ne power
Steps	1. Turn the	power switch o	off.	
	2. Remove	the output term	ninal cover.	Page 50
	ground f positive	ary, screw the c terminal to eithe or negative terr nding chapter f	er the ninal. See	Page 40



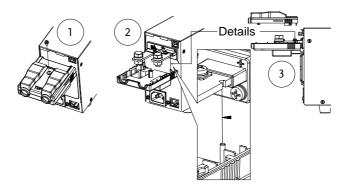
Steps

Connection with voltage sense wiring Using M4 screws Using M8 bolts Sense + Using M8 bolts Sense + Sense + Sense - Sen

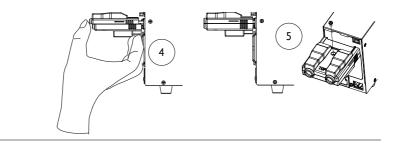
Using the Output Terminal Cover PSW-30/40/80/160

1. Remove the screw holding the top cover to the bottom cover.

- 2. Line-up the bottom cover with the notches in the output terminals.
- 3. Place the top terminal cover over the bottom cover.



- 4. Use your thumb to slide the terminal covers shut, as shown in the diagram below.
- 5. When the top and bottom covers are flush, reinsert the screw that was removed in step 1.



Removal	Reverse the procedure to remove the terminal
	covers.

Output Terminals PSW-250/800

Background	The high voltage models (PSW 250 and PSW 800 models) use a 9 pin socket for the output voltage and sense connections. The corresponding plugs (GW part number PSW-012 //DECA SwitchLab MC420-38109Z) should be used to connect the terminals to the appropriate cable.
	Before connecting the output terminals to the load, first consider whether voltage sense will be used, the gauge of the cable wiring and the withstand voltage of the cables and load.
WARNING	Dangerous voltages. Ensure that the power to the instrument is disabled before handling the power supply output terminals. Failing to do so may lead to electric shock.
	Please note the wire gauge used and the capacity of the plug/socket. It may be necessary to wire the load to a number of terminals to offset the capacity over a number of terminals.

Output Connector When using the output connector make sure the Overview wires that are used follow the following guidelines: Wire gauge: AWG 26 to AWG 16 6.5mm // 0.26 in. Strip length Current rating 10A Insulation resistance AC 2000V min Insulation withstand >2000MΩ DC500V voltage Operation Temperature -40°C to +105°C -V: -V terminals **Output Connector** Pinout (x3) -S: -Sense terminal NC: Not connected +S: +Sense terminal N.C. +V: +V terminals (x3) Wiring the Unscrew the a. Loosen Connector Plug appropriate terminal Tighten anticlockwise to release the receptacle. b. Insert a wire that has had at least ~7mm stripped from the insulation. Tighten the c. receptacle by screwing clockwise.

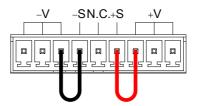


1. Turn the power switch off.

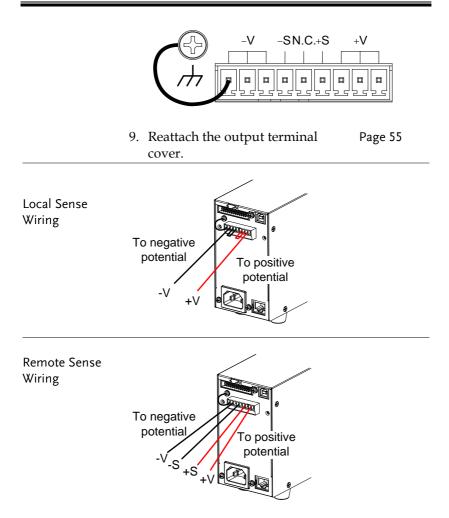


	2.	Remove the output terminal cover.	Page 55
	3.	Choose a suitable wire gauge for the load cables.	Page 47
	4.	Strip ~7mm from one end of each	load cable.
	5.	Connect the positive load cable to +V pins and the negative cable to pins.	
WARNING	th to	ease note the wire gauge used and the e plug/socket. It may be necessary to a number of terminals to offset the ca umber of terminals.	wire the load

6. If using local sense, connect the -S pin to a -V pin, and connect the +S pin to a +V pin.

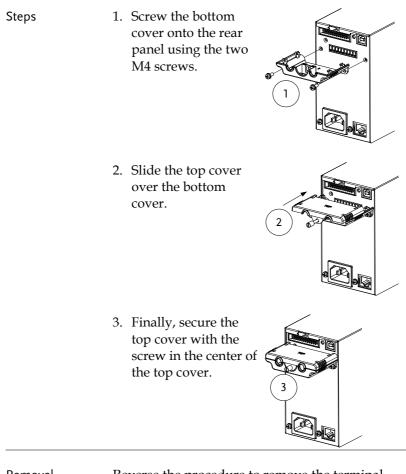


- If not using local sense, see the remote sense section to wire the sense terminals for remote sensing.
- 8. If necessary, connect the chassis Page 40 ground terminal to either the -V or +V pin. See the grounding chapter for details.



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Using the Output Terminal Cover PSW-250/800

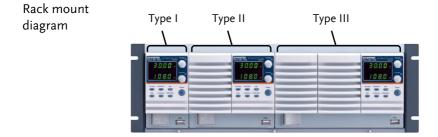


Removal

Reverse the procedure to remove the terminal covers.

Using the Rack Mount Kit

Background The PSW series has an optional Rack Mount Kit (GW Instek part number: [JIS] GRA-410-J, [EIA] GRA-410-E[EIA]) that can be used to hold 6x PSW Type I models, 3x Type II models, 2x Type III models or a combination of all models (1x Type I, 1x Type II and 1x Type III).



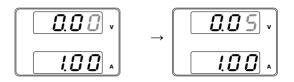
How to Use the Instrument

Background	The PSW power supplies use a novel method of configuring parameter values only using the Voltage or Current knobs. The knobs are used to quickly edit parameter values at 0.01, 0.1 or 1 unit steps at a time.				
	When the user manual says to set a value or parameter, use the steps below.				
Example	Use the Voltage knob to set a voltage of 10.05 volts.				

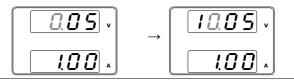
Voltage

- Repeatedly press the Voltage knob until the last digit is highlighted. This will allow the voltage to be edited in 0.01 volt steps.
- 2. Turn the Voltage knob till 0.05 volts is shown.





- 3. Repeatedly press the Voltage knob until the first digit is highlighted. This will allow the voltage to be edited in 1 volt steps.
- 4. Turn the Voltage knob until 10.05 is shown.





Notice the Set key becomes illuminated when setting the current or voltage.

If the Voltage or Current knobs are unresponsive, press the Set key first.

Reset to Factory Default Settings

Background	The F-88 configuration setting allows the PSW to be reset back to the factory default settings. See page 163 for the default factory settings.				
Steps	1. Press the Function key. The Function key will light up.Function				
	 2. The display should show F-01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom. 				
	3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-88 (Factory Set Value).				
	4. Use the Current knob to set the F-88 setting to 1 (Return to factory settings). Current \bigcirc				
	 5. Press the Voltage knob to confirm. ConF will be displayed when successful. F - 88 LonF 				
	6. Press the Function key again to exit. The function key light will turn off.				

View System Version and Build Date

Background	the ve co	ne F-89 configuration setting allows you to view e PSW version number, build date, keyboard ersion, analog-control version, kernel build, test ommand version, test command build date, and e USB driver version.		
Steps	1.	Press the Function key. The Function Function key will light up.		
	2.	01 on the t	y should show F- op and the ion setting for e bottom.	F - O I 0.00
	3.	Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-89 (Show Version).		
	4.	 Rotate the Current knob to view the version and build date for the various items. 		
		F-89	0-XX: PSW Main Pro 1-XX: PSW Main Pro 2-XX: PSW Main Pro Year. 3-XX: PSW Main Pro Year. 4-XX: PSW Main Pro Month. 5-XX: PSW Main Pro Day. 6-XX: Keyboard CPL 8-XX: Analog CPLD	gram Version gram Build On- gram Build On- gram Build On- gram Build On- D version.

	 9-XX: Analog CPLD version. A-XX: Reserved. B-XX: Reserved. C-XX: Kernel Build On-Year. D-XX: Kernel Build On-Year. E -XX: Kernel Build On-Month. F-XX: Kernel Build On-Day. G-XX: Test Command Version. H-XX: Test Command Version. I-XX: Test Command Build On-Year. J-XX: Test Command Build On-Year. K-XX: Test Command Build On-Month. L-XX: Test Command Build On-Month. L-XX: Test Command Build On-Year. K-XX: Test Command Build On-Month. L-XX: USB Driver version (Major). N-XX: USB Driver version (Minor).
	5. Press the Function key again to exit. The function key light will turn off.
Example	Main Program Version: Vt1.50, 2014/08-03 0-t1: PSW Main Program Version 1-50: PSW Main Program Version 2-20: PSW Main Program Build On-Year. 3-14: PSW Main Program Build On-Year. 4-01: PSW Main Program Build On-Month. 5-13: PSW Main Program Build On-Day.
Example	Keyboard CPLD Version: 0x030c 6-03: Keyboard CPLD Version. 7-0c: Keyboard CPLD Version.
Example	Analog CPLD Version: 0x0427 8-04: Analog CPLD Version. 9-27: Analog CPLD Version.
Example	Kernel Version: 2013/03/22

	C-20: Kernel Build On-Year. D-13: Kernel Build On-Year. E-03: Kernel Build On-Month. F-22: Kernel Build On-Day.
Example	Test Command Version: V01:00, 2011/08/01
	G-01: Test Command Version. H-00: Test Command Version. I-20: Test Command Build On-Year. J-11: Test Command Build On-Year. K-08: Test Command Build On-Month. L-01: Test Command Build On-Day.
Example	USB Driver Version: V02.01:
	M-02: USB Driver Version (Major release). N-01: USB Driver Version (Minor release).

Basic Operation

This section describes the basic operations required to operate the power supply.

- Setting OVP/OCP \rightarrow from page 62
- C.V. mode \rightarrow from page 63
- C.C. mode \rightarrow from page 67
- Display modes \rightarrow page 70
- Panel lock \rightarrow page 71
- Remote sensing \rightarrow from page 71

Before operating the power supply, please see the Getting Started chapter, page 8.

Setting OVP/OCP Levels

Background	For most models the OVP level has a selectable range of approximately* 10% to 110% of the rated output voltage. Likewise the OCP level for most models has a selectable range of approximately* 10%~ 110% of the rated output current. The OVP and OCP level is set to the maximum by default. The OCP level can also be turned off. *Note that the <i>actual</i> setting range differs for each model.
	When one of the protection measures are on, ALM is shown on the panel display. By default, the power switch will turn off when any of the protection levels are tripped.



Before setting the OVP or OCP level:

- Ensure the load is not connected.
- Ensure the output is set to off.

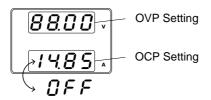
PSW (360W)	30-36	40-27	80-13.5	160-7.2	250-4.5	800-1.44
OVP Range (V)	3-33	4-44	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
OCP Range (A)	3.6-39.6	2.7-29.7	1.35-14.85	0.72-7.92	0.45-4.95	0.144-1.584
PSW (720W)	30-72	40-54	80-27	160-14.4	250-9	800-2.88
OVP Range (V)	3-33	4-44	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
OCP Range (A)	5-79.2	5-59.4	2.7-29.7	1.44-15.84	0.9-9.9	0.288-3.168
PSW (1080W)	30-108	40-81	80-40.5	160-21.6	250-13.5	800-4.32
OVP Range (V)	3-33	4-44	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
OCP Range (A)	5-118.8	5-89.1	4.05-44.55	2.16-23.76	1.35-14.85	0.432-4.752

Ste	ps
-----	----

1. Press the OVP/OCP key. The OVP/OCP key lights up.

OVP/OCP

2. The OVP setting will be displayed on the top and the OCP setting (or OFF) will be displayed on the bottom.



OVP Level	3. Use the Voltage knob to set the OVP level.
OCP Level	4. Use the Current knob to set the OCP level, or to turn OCP off.
	5. Press OVP/OCP again to exit. The OVP/OCP oVP/OCP indicator will turn off.
Power switch trip	Set F-95 (Power switch trip) to 1 (to Page 118 disable the power switch trip) or to 0 (to enable the power switch trip) and save.
	F-95 1 (Disable) or 0 (Enable)
Clear OVP/OCP protection	The OVP or OCP protection can be cleared after it has been tripped by holding the OVP/OCP button for 2 seconds. (Only applicable when the power switch trip setting is disabled [F-95 = 1])

Set to C.V. Mode

When setting the power supply to constant voltage mode, a current limit must also be set to determine the crossover point. When the current exceeds the crossover point, the mode switches to C.C. mode. For details about C.V. operation, see page 22. C.C. and C.V. mode have two selectable slew rates: High Speed Priority and Slew Rate Priority. High Speed Priority will use the fastest slew rate for the instrument while Slew Rate Priority will use a user-configured slew rate.

Background	efore setting the power supply to C.V. mode, isure: The output is off. The load is connected.	
Steps	1. Press the Function key. The Function key will light up.Function	
	 2. The display should show F-01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom. 	
	3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-03 (V-I Mode Slew Rate Select).	
	 4. Use the Current knob to set the F-03 setting. Set F-03 to 0 (CV High Speed Priority) or 2 (CV Slew Rate Priority). 	
	F-03 0 = CV High Speed Priority 2 = CV Slew Rate Priority	
	5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.	

- If CV Slew Rate Priority was chosen as the operating mode, repeat steps 3~5 to set F-04 (Rising Voltage Slew Rate) and the F-05 (Falling Voltage Slew Rate) and save.
 - F-04 / F-05 0.1V/s~60V/s (PSW 30-XX) 0.1V/s~80V/s (PSW 40-XX) 0.1V/s~160V/s (PSW 80-XX) 0.1V/s~320V/s (PSW 160-XX) 0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX) 1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)
- 7. Press the Function key again to exit the configuration settings. The function key light will turn off.
- 8. Use the Current knob to set the current limit (crossover point).
- 9. Use the Voltage knob to set the voltage.



Function





Notice the Set key becomes illuminated when setting the current or voltage. If the Voltage or Current knobs are unresponsive, press the Set key first.

10. Press the Output key. The Output key becomes illuminated.

Output

(



CV and the Power Bar will become illuminated (top left & center)

Note	Only the voltage level can be altered when the output is on. The current level can only be changed by
	pressing the Set key.

For more information on the Normal Function Settings (F-00 ~ F-61, F-88~F-89) see page 107.

Set to C.C. Mode

When setting the power supply to constant current mode, a voltage limit must also be set to determine the crossover point. When the voltage exceeds the crossover point, the mode switches to C.V. mode. For details about C.C. operation, see page 22. C.C. and C.V. mode have two selectable slew rates: High Speed Priority and Slew Rate Priority. High Speed Priority will use the fastest slew rate for the instrument while Slew Rate Priority will use a user-configured slew rate.

Background	Before setting the power supply to C.C.mode, ensure:The output is off.The load is connected.
Steps	1. Press the Function key. The Function Function key will light up.
	 2. The display should show F- 01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.
	3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-03 (V-I Mode Slew Rate Select).

4. Use the Current knob to set the F-03 setting.

Set F-03 to 1 (CC High Speed Priority) or 3 (CC Slew Rate Priority) and save.

5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.



Current



6. If CC Slew Rate Priority was chosen as the operating mode, set F-06 (Rising Current Slew Rate) and F-07 (Falling Current Slew Rate) and save.

```
F-06 / F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36)
           0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72)
           0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108)
           0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 40-27)
           0.1A/s~108.0A/s (PSW 40-54)
           0.1A/s~162.0A/s (PSW 40-81)
           0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5)
           0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27)
           0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5)
           0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2)
           0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4)
           0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-21.6)
           0.001A/s~9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5)
           0.01A/s~18.00A/s (PSW 250-9)
           0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5)
           0.001A/s~2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)
           0.001A/s~5.760A/s (PSW 800-2.88)
           0.001A/s~8.640A/s (PSW 800-4.32)
```

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	7. Press the Function key again to exit the configuration settings. The function key light will turn off.		
	8. Use the Voltage knob to set the voltage limit (crossover point).		
	9. Use the Current knob to set the current.		
Note	Notice the Set key becomes illuminated when setting the current or voltage. If the Voltage or Current knobs are unresponsive, press the Set key first.		
	10. Press the Output key. The Output Output key becomes illuminated.		
	CC and the Power Bar will become illuminated (bottom left & center)		
Note	Only the current level can be altered when the output is on. The voltage level can only be changed by pressing the Set key.		

For more information on the Normal Function Settings (F-00 ~ F-61, F-88~F-89) see page 107.

Display Modes

The PSW power supplies allow you to view the output in three different modes: voltage and current, voltage and power or current and power.

Steps	1. Press the PWR/DSPL key. The PWR DSPL key lights up.PWR DSPL
	 The display changes to voltage and power (V/W).
	 To switch between displaying A/W and V/W, simply press the corresponding Voltage or Current knob.
	For example: when in A/W mode, press the Voltage knob to display V/W. Conversely when in V/W mode, press the Current knob to display A/W.
	5.00 Voltage 5 " 5 " Current
	 When V/W is displayed, the Voltage knob can still be used to change the voltage level.
	• When A/W is displayed, the Current knob can still be used to change the current level.
Exit	Press the PWR/DSPL key again to PWR DSPL return to normal display mode. The PWR DSPL light will turn off.

Panel Lock

The panel lock feature prevents settings from being changed accidentally. When activated, the Lock/Local key will become illuminated and all keys and knobs except the Lock/Local key and Output key (if active) will be disabled.

If the instrument is remotely controlled via the USB/LAN interface, the panel lock is automatically enabled.

Activate the panel lock	Press the Lock/Local key to active the panel lock. The key will become illuminated.	Lock/Local
Disable the panel lock	Hold the Lock/Local key for ~3 seconds to disable the panel lock. The	Lock/Local

Lock/Local light turns off.

Remote Sense

Remote sense is used to compensate for the voltage drop seen across load cables due to the resistance inherent in the load cables. The remote sense terminals are connected to the load terminals to determine the voltage drop across the load cables.

Remote sense can compensate up to 0.6 volts for 30V/40V/80V/160V models and 1V for 250V/800V models (compensation voltage). Load cables should be chosen with a voltage drop less than the compensation voltage.

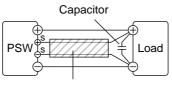
WARNING	Ensure the output is off before connecting any sen cables.	
	Use sense cables with a voltage rating exceeding the isolation voltage of the power supply.	
	Never connect sensing cables when the output is on. Electric shock or damage to the power supply could result.	

<u>∕</u> ∎ Note	Be sure to remove the Sense joining plates so the units are not using local sensing.			
Single Load	 Connect the Sense+ terminal to the positive potential of the load. Connect the Sense- terminal to the negative potential of the load. 			
	PSW Output ⊕ Output ⊖ Sense ⊕ Sense ⊕	Load Input Input	Page 48	
	2. Operate the instru See the Basic Ope details.			
Parallel PSW Units	 Connect the Sense+ terminals to the positive potential of the load. Connect the Sense- terminals to the negative potential of the load 			
	PSW #1 Output Sense Sense PSW #2 Output Sense Sense Sense Sense	Load Input Input	Page 48	

	2.	Operate the instrument as normal. Page 76 See the Parallel Operation chapter for details.
Serial PSW Units	1.	 a. Connect the 1st Sense+ terminal to the positive potential of the load. b. Connect the 1st Sense- terminal to the positive output terminal of the second PSW
		 unit. c. Connect the 2nd Sense+ terminal to the positive terminal of the second PSW unit. d. Connect the 2nd Sense- terminal to negative terminal of the load
		terminal of the load. PSW #1 a Load Page 48 Output Input Sense b d PSW #2 d Output c o Output c o Sense b sense

 Operate the instrument as normal. Page 83 See the Serial Operation chapter for details. Wire Shielding and Load line impedance To help to minimize the oscillation due to the inductance and capacitance of the load cables, use an electrolytic capacitor in parallel with the load terminals.

To minimize the effect of load line impedance use twisted wire pairing.



Twisted pair

Parallel / Series Operation

This section describes the basic operations required to operate the power supply in series or parallel. Operating the PSW series in parallel increases the total power output of the power supply units. When used in series, the total output voltage of the power supplies can be increased.

The number of the power supplies that can be connected in series or parallel depends on the model and the mode:

- Series Mode: 2 units maximum; 30V, 40V, 80V and 160V models only.
- Parallel Mode: 3 units maximum

250V and 800V models do not support series operation!
In series mode, the Bleeder function of the slave will be locked and set to open to prevent electric shock due to there isn't any discharge circuit after the output is turned off. Therefore, when connecting in series for battery test, it is required to connect external diodes in series.

To use the power supplies in series or parallel, units must be used in a Master-Slave configuration. In the master-slave configuration a "master" power supply controls any other connected "slave" power supplies.

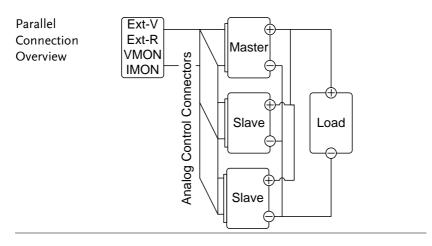
- Master-Slave Parallel overview \rightarrow from page 76
- Parallel connection \rightarrow from page 79
- Parallel operation \rightarrow from page 81
- Master-Slave Series overview \rightarrow page 83
- Series connection \rightarrow page 85
- Series operation \rightarrow from page 87

Before operating the power supply, please see the Getting Started chapter, page 8.

Master-Slave Parallel Overview

Background When connecting the PSW power supplies in parallel, up to 3 units can be used in parallel and all units must be of the same model. The Analog Control Connector is used as the interface for parallel the connections.

> When the units are used in parallel, a number of precautions and limitations apply. Please read this overview before operating the power supplies in parallel.



Limitations

Display

• Only the master unit will display the voltage and current.

OVP/ OCP

• The master unit can shut down slave units when OVP/OCP is tripped on the master unit (if the slave connector is wired for shut down on alarm). • OVP/OCP can be independently tripped on each slave unit, however the shutdown of the power or output of the unit is disabled. Only the alarm will be enabled.

Remote monitoring

- Voltage monitoring (VMON) and current monitoring (IMON) are only supported on the master unit.
- The IMON current represents the total current of the all the parallelized units.

Remote Sense

• Please see the remote sense chapter for details, page 71.

External Voltage and Resistance Control

- Voltage/Resistance controlled remote control can only be used with the master unit.
- The full scale current (in parallel) is equivalent to the maximum external voltage or resistance.

Internal Resistance

- For 2 units in parallel, the internal resistance is actually half of the setting value.
- For 3 units in parallel, the internal resistance is actually a third of the setting value.

Bleeder Control

• The Master unit is used to control the bleeder settings. The bleeder resistors in all the slave units are always turned off when in parallel mode.

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PSW Series User Manual

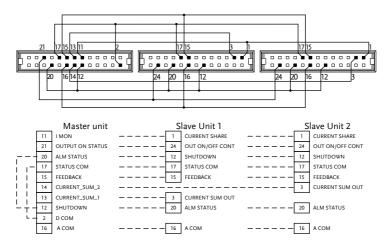
	Model	Single unit	2 units	3 units
Output Voltage/	PSW 30-36	30V	30V	30V
Output Current		36A	72A	108A
	PSW 40-27	40V	40V	40V
		27A	54A	81A
	PSW 80-13.5	80V	80V	80V
		13.5A	27A	40.5A
	PSW 160-7.2	160V	160V	160V
		7.2A	14.4A	21.6A
	PSW 250-4.5	250V	250V	250V
		4.5A	9A	13.5A
	PSW 800-1.44	800V	800V	800V
		1.44A	2.88A	4.32A
	PSW 30-72	30V	30V	30V
		72A	144A	216A
	PSW 40-54	40V	40V	40V
		54A	108A	162A
	PSW 80-27	80V	80V	80V
		27A	54A	81A
	PSW 160-14.4	160V	160V	160V
		14.4A	28.8A	43.2A
	PSW 250-9	250V	250V	250V
		9A	18A	27A
	PSW 800-2.88	800V	800V	800V
		2.88A	5.76A	8.64A
	PSW 30-108	30V	30V	30V
		108A	216A	324A
	PSW 40-81	40V	40V	40V
		81A	162A	243A
	PSW 80-40.5	80V	80V	80V
		40.5A	81A	121.5A
	PSW 160-21.6	160V	160V	160V
		21.6A	43.2A	64.8A
	PSW 250-13.5	250V	250V	250V
		13.5A	27A	40.5A
	PSW 800-4.32	800V	800V	800V
				12.96A

Master-Slave Parallel Connection

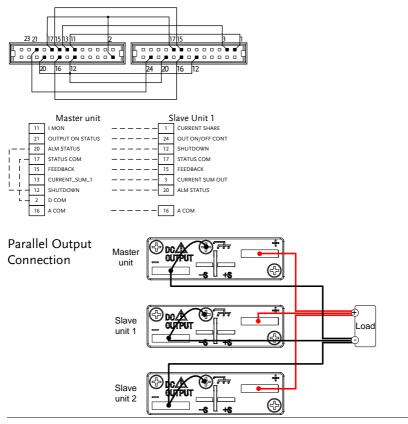
Master-Slave Connector	The Analog Control Connector is used for both serial and parallel connections. The way the connector is configured determines the behavior of the master and slave units. For the complete connector pin assignment, see page 121.
Analog Connector Connection	To operate the power supplies in parallel, connect the analog connectors on the master and slave units as shown in the diagrams below.
	Alternatively pre-configured cables (optional) can be used. The PSW-006 is used for two units in parallel. The PSW-007 is used for 3 units in

Master with 2 slave units:

parallel.



Master with 1 slave unit:



Steps 1. Ensure the power is off on all power supplies.

- 2. Choose a master and a slave unit(s).
- 3. Connect the analog connectors for the master and slave unit as shown above.
- 4. Remove the Output Terminal Page 50 covers and the protection dummy plug from the analog control connector.

	5. Connect the master and slave unit in parallel as shown above.	
	6. Reattach the terminal covers.	Page 50
Note Note	Ensure the load cables have sufficient current capacity.	Page 47
	Re-attach the Protection dummy plug whuse.	ien not in

Master-Slave Parallel Operation

Master-Slave Configuration	Before using the power supplies in parallel, the master and slave units need to be configured.		
Steps	1.	Configure the OVP and OCP settings for the master unit.	Page 62
	2.	For each unit, hold the Function key while turning the power on to enter the power on configuration settings.	
3	3.	Configure F-93 (Master/Slave) setting for each master/slave unit.	Page 118
		Unit	F-93
		Master (with 1 slave in parallel)	1
		Master (with 2 slaves in parallel)	2
		Slave unit (parallel slave)	3
	4.	Cycle the power on the units (reset	the power).

Note Note	Configuration settings can be master and slave units by pre and checking F-93.	
	Only the Master OVP and O voltage and current protectic level is disregarded.	
	OHP (OTP) works independ	ently for each unit.
Master-Slave Operation	Only operate the power supplies in parallel if t units are configured correctly.1. Turn on the master and slave units. The slavunit(s) will show a blank display.	
	Master unit	Slave units
	0.0.0 0.0	

- 2. Operation of all units is controlled Page 62. via the master unit. Operation of the master unit is the same as for a single unit. See the Basic Operation chapter.
- 3. Press the Output key to begin.



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Caution

Only operate the power supplies in parallel if using units of the same model number.

Only a maximum of 3 units can be used in parallel.



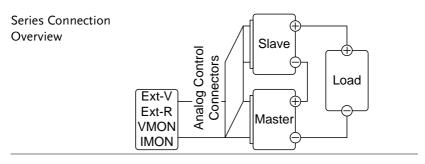
The panel controls are disabled on slave units, including the output key. On slave units only the Function key can be used to view the current settings.

Master-Slave Series Overview

Background When connecting PSW power supplies in series, up to 2 units* can be used in series and all units must be of the same model. The Analog Control Connector is used as the interface for serial connections.

> When the units are used in series, a number of precautions and limitations apply. Please read this overview before operating the power supplies in series.

CAUTION *250V and 800V models do not support series operation!



Limitations

Display

- Only the master unit will display the current.
- Master and slave units display the voltage. The total voltage is the sum of the units.

OVP/OCP

• The master unit can shut down the slave unit

when OVP/OCP is tripped on the master unit (if the slave connector is wired for shut down on alarm).

• OVP and OCP level is determined by the master OVP and OCP level. The OVP and OCP level on the slave unit is ignored.

Remote monitoring

- Voltage monitoring (VMON) and current monitoring (IMON) are only supported on the master unit.
- The VMON voltage represents the total voltage of the all the serialized units.

Remote Sense

• Please see the remote sense chapter for details, page 71.

External Voltage and Resistance Control

- Voltage/Resistance controlled remote control can only be used with the master unit.
- The full scale voltage (in series) is equivalent to the maximum external voltage or resistance.

Slew Rate

• The actual slew rate is double that of the setting slew rate. I.e., A slew rate setting of 60.00V/s is actually 120V/s when in series.

Internal Resistance

• The internal resistance is actually twice that of the setting value.

Bleeder Control

• The Master unit is used to control the bleeder settings. The bleeder resistor is always turned on for the slave unit in series mode.

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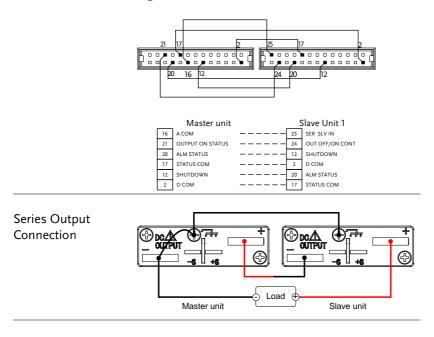
	Model	Single unit	2 units
Output Voltage/	PSW 30-36	30V	60V
Output Current		36A	36A
	PSW 40-27	40V	80V
		27A	27A
	PSW 80-13.5	80V	160V
		13.5A	13.5A
	PSW 160-7.2	160V	320V
		7.2A	7.2A
	PSW 30-72	30V	60V
		72A	72A
	PSW 40-54	40V	80V
		54A	54A
	PSW 80-27	80V	160V
		27A	27A
	PSW 160-14.4	160V	320V
		14.4A	14.4A
	PSW 30-108	30V	60V
		108A	108A
	PSW 40-81	40V	80V
		81A	81A
	PSW 80-40.5	80V	160V
		40.5A	40.5A
	PSW 160-21.6	160V	320V
		21.6A	21.6A

Master-Slave Series Connection

Master-Slave	The Analog Control Connector is used for both
Connector	serial and parallel connections. The way the
	connector is configured determines the behavior
	of the master and slave units. For the connector
	pin assignment, see page 121.

Analog Connector To operate the power supplies in series, connect Connection the analog connectors on the master and slave unit as shown in the diagram below.

> Alternatively, the optional PSW-005 cable is preconfigured for serial use.



- 1. Ensure the power is off on both power supplies.
 - 2. Choose a master and slave unit.
 - 3. Connect the analog connectors for the master and slave unit as shown above.
 - 4. Remove the output terminal cover Page 50 and the protection dummy plug from the analog control connector.

Steps

	5. Connect the master and slave unit in series as shown above.	
	6. Reattach the terminal cover.	Page 50
Note Note	Ensure load cables have sufficient current capacity.	Page 47
	Re-attach the protection dummy plug wh use.	en not in

Master-Slave Series Operation

Master-Slave Configuration	Before using the power supplies in series, master and slave units need to be configu		
	1.	Configure the OVP and OCP settings for the master unit.	Page 62
	2.	For each unit, hold the Function key while turning the power on to enter the power on configuration settings.	
	3.	Configure F-93 (Master/Slave) setting for each master/slave unit.	Page 118
		Unit	F-93
		Master (local or series operation)	0
		Slave unit (series)	4
	4.	Cycle the power on the units (reset	the power).

Note	Configuration settings can be checked for both the master and slave units by pressing the Function key.		
Master-Slave Operation	Only operate the power supplies in series if the units are configured correctly.		
	1. Turn on the master and slave unit. The slave unit will only show the voltage of the slave units while the master unit will show the voltage of the master unit and show the combined current of both units.		
	Master unit Slave unit		
	$ \begin{bmatrix} 5.00 \\ \cdot \\ .00 \\ \cdot \end{bmatrix} $		
	2. Operation of all units is controlled Page 62 via the master unit. Operation of the master unit is the same as for a single unit. Please see the basic operation chapter for details.		
	3. Press the Output key to begin. Output		
	Only operate the power supplies in series if using units of the same model number. 250V and 800V models do not support series operation!		
	Only a maximum of 2 units can be used in series.		
Note Note	The panel controls are disabled on slave units, including the output key.		

Test Scripts

This section describes how to use the Test function to run, load and save test scripts for automated testing. The Test function is useful if you want to perform a number of tests automatically. The PSW test function can store ten test scripts in memory.

Each test script is programmed in a scripting language. For more information on how to create test scripts, please contact GW Instek.

- Test Script File Format \rightarrow from page 90
- Test Script Settings \rightarrow from page 90
- Setting the Test Script Settings \rightarrow from page 91
- Load Test Script \rightarrow from page 92
- Run Test Script (Manually) \rightarrow from page 94
- Run Test Script (Automatically at startup) \rightarrow from page 96
- Export Test Script \rightarrow from page 97
- Remove Test Script \rightarrow from page 98
- Check the Available Memory Capacity \rightarrow from page 99

Test Script File Format

Background	The test files are saved in *.tst file format.
	Each file is saved as tXXX.tst, where XXX is the save file number 001~010.

Test Script Settings

Test Run	Runs the chosen test script from the internal memory. A script must first be loaded into the internal memory before it can be run. See the test function Test Save, below.		
	The script will run as soon as the test function is started.		
	T-01	1~10	
Test Load	Loads a test script from the USB drive to the designated save slot in memory. A script must first be loaded into internal memory before it can be run.		
	T-02	1~10 (USB→PSW)	
Test Export	slot to the USB d		
	T-03	1~10 (PSW→USB)	
Test Remove	Deletes the chosen test file from the PSW internal memory.		
	T-04	1~10	
Test Memory	1 2	ount of internal memory that is unit in kilobytes (1024 bytes). Max: 1848 KB	

Setting the Test Script Settings

Steps	The test script settings (T-01~T-04) are set with the Test key.
	1. Press the Test key. The Test key will Test light up.
	2. The display will show T-01 on the top and the memory no. for T-01 on the bottom. The bottom of the screen will also indicate whether the memory no. has a script loaded, "y" (yes) or "n" (no).
	Script not present I Test Setting Memory number
	Script present Script y y y hemory number Script y y y hemory Nemory
	3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the T setting (Test setting).
	Test RunT-01Test LoadT-02Test ExportT-03Test RemoveT-04Test MemoryT-05

4. Rotate the Current knob to choose a memory number.

Range 1~10

5. Press the Voltage knob to complete the setting.



Exit	Press the Test key again to exit the Test	Test
	settings. The Test key light will turn off.	

Load Test Script from USB

Overview	loa	fore a test script can be run, it must first be aded into a one of the 10 memory save slots. fore loading a test script into memory:
	•	Ensure the script file is placed in the root directory.
	•	Ensure the file name number corresponds to the memory number that you wish to save to.
		For example: A test file named t001.tst can only be saved to memory number 01, t002.tst can only be saved to memory number 02, and so on.
Steps	1.	Insert a USB flash drive into the front panel USB-A slot. Ensure the flash drive contains a test script in the root directory.

2. Turn on the power. MS (Mass Storage) will be displayed on the screen after a few seconds if the USB drive is recognized.



Note Note	If the USB drive is not recognized, check to see that the function settings for $F-20 = 1$ (page 112). If not, reinsert the USB flash drive.

3. Configure T-02 (Test Load) to 1~10 Page 91 (save memory slot)

T-02 range 1~10 (t001 ~t010)

4. The script will now be available in the memory slot the script was saved to.



Error messages: If you load a file that is not present on the USB drive "Err 002" will be displayed on the display.

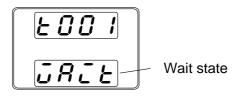


Run Test Script (Manual)

Overview	A test script can be run from one of ten memory slots.	
Steps	 Before a test script can be run, it Page 92 must first be loaded into one of the 10 memory save slots. 	
	 Configure T-01 (Run Test) to 1~10 Page 91 (save memory slot#) T-01 range 1~10 	
	3. The loading screen will appear. For example if memory slot #1 is loaded, the following screen will appear.	
	Lond	
Note	If the script is very small, the loading screen may not appear on the screen for very long.	

When the "t00X Load" screen is shown on the display, pushing the TEST key will abort the loading procedure.

4. If there are no errors during loading, the script engine will enter the wait state. The wait state indicates that the unit is ready to execute the script.



- 5. To execute the script, press the Output key. The Output key becomes illuminated.
- Output
- When the script is executing, the measurement results will display as normal.
- The Test LED will flash.
- NoteWhen a script is running, press the Output key again
to return the script engine to the wait state.
- Note When a script is running, press the Test key to abort the execution of the script and return to normal operating mode. The Test LED will led turn off after the script has been aborted.

Note Note

Error messages: If you try to run a test script from an empty memory location "Err 003" will be displayed on the display.



Run Test Script (Automatically at Startup)

Overview	The power supply can be configured to automatically run a test script at startup.	
Steps	 Before a test script can be run, it Page 92 must first be loaded into one of the 10 memory save slots. 	
	2. Turn the unit off.	
	 Enter the power-on configuration Page 118 settings and set F-92 (Power-ON Output) to run the desired test script. 	
	Range T001~T010*	
	 The selected test script will automatically start to run the next time the unit is powered on. 	
Note	*Setting F-92 to 0 or 1 will disable loading a test script at startup. 0 will turn the output off at startup. 1 will turn the output on at startup. See the power on configuration settings for details, page 114.	
<u>I</u> Note	When a script is running, press the Output key to pause the script. To resume the script, press the Output key again.	

Export Test Script to USB

Overview	The Export Test function saves a test file to the root directory of a USB flash drive.
	• Files will be saved as tXXX.tst where XXX is the memory number 001~010 from which the test script was exported from.
	• Files of the same name on the USB flash drive will be written over.
Steps	1. Insert a USB flash drive into the front panel USB-A slot.
	2. Turn on the power. MS (Mass Storage) will be displayed on the screen after a few seconds if the USB drive is recognized.
Note	If the USB drive is not recognized, check to see that the function settings for F-20 = 1 (page 112). If not, reinsert the USB flash drive.
	 3. Configure T-03 (Test Export) to Page 91 0~10 (save memory slot)
	T-03 range 1~104. The script will now be copied to the USB flash drive.



Error messages: If you try to export a test script from an empty memory location "Err 003" will be displayed on the display.



Remove Test Script

Overview	The Remove Test function will delete a test script from the internal memory.	
Steps	 Select T-04 (Test Remove) and Page 91 choose which test script to remove from the internal memory. 	
	T-04 range 1~10	
	2. The test script will be removed from the internal memory.	
Note Note	Error messages: If you try to remove a test script from	

Error messages: If you try to remove a test script from an empty memory location "Err 003" will be displayed on the display.



Checking the Available Memory

Overview	The T-05 function displays the amount of internal memory that is left on the unit to load test scripts. The displayed units are in kilobytes (1024 bytes).		
Steps	Select T-05 (Test Memory). The available memory in kilobytes is displayed.	Page 91	
	T-05 range 1~1848 KB		

CONFIGURATION

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USB/GPIB Settings	
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Power On Configuration Settings	
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Setting Normal Function Settings	
Setting Power On Configuration Settings	

Configuration

Configuration of the PSW power supplies is divided into five different configuration settings: Normal Function, USB/GPIB/RS232, LAN, Power ON Configuration, Calibration Settings and System Settings. Power ON Configuration differs from the other settings in that the settings used with Power ON Configuration settings can only be set during power up. The other configuration settings can be changed when the unit is already on. This prevents some important configuration parameters from being changed inadvertently. Power On Configuration settings are numbered F-90 to F-95 and the other configuration settings are numbered F-00 to F-61, F-71 to F-74 and F-88 to F-89.

Configuration Table

Please use the configuration settings listed below when applying the configuration settings.

Normal Function		
Settings	Setting	Setting Range
Output ON delay time	F-01	0.00s~99.99s
Output OFF delay time	F-02	0.00s~99.99s
	F-03	0 = CV high speed priority
V I was de alaur wate a la st		1 = CC high speed priority
V-I mode slew rate select		2 = CV slew rate priority
		3 = CC slew rate priority
	F-04	0.01V/s~60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX)
		0.01V/s-80.00V/s (PSW 40-XX)
		0.1V/s~160.0V/s (PSW 80-XX)
Rising voltage slew rate		0.1V/s~320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX)
		0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX)
		1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)
	F-05	0.01V/s~60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX)
Falling voltage slew rate		0.01V/s-80.00V/s (PSW 40-XX)
		0.1V/s~160.0V/s (PSW 80-XX)
		0.1V/s~320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX)
		0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX)
		1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)

Rising current slew rate	F-06	$\begin{array}{c} 0.01A/s~72.00A/s \ (PSW \ 30-36) \\ 0.1A/s~144.0A/s \ (PSW \ 30-72) \\ 0.1A/s~216.0A/s \ (PSW \ 30-72) \\ 0.1A/s~216.0A/s \ (PSW \ 30-72) \\ 0.1A/s-216.0A/s \ (PSW \ 30-72) \\ 0.1A/s-108.0A/s \ (PSW \ 40-27) \\ 0.1A/s-108.0A/s \ (PSW \ 40-27) \\ 0.1A/s-162.0A/s \ (PSW \ 40-54) \\ 0.1A/s-162.0A/s \ (PSW \ 40-54) \\ 0.01A/s~27.00A/s \ (PSW \ 40-81) \\ 0.01A/s~27.00A/s \ (PSW \ 80-13.5) \\ 0.01A/s~24.00A/s \ (PSW \ 80-13.5) \\ 0.01A/s~24.00A/s \ (PSW \ 80-27) \\ 0.01A/s~24.00A/s \ (PSW \ 80-27) \\ 0.01A/s~28.00A/s \ (PSW \ 80-40.5) \\ 0.01A/s~28.80A/s \ (PSW \ 160-7.2) \\ 0.01A/s~28.80A/s \ (PSW \ 160-71.6) \\ 0.001A/s~28.80A/s \ (PSW \ 160-21.6) \\ 0.001A/s \ 27.00A/s \ (PSW \ 250-4.5) \\ 0.01A/s \ 27.00A/s \ (PSW \ 250-13.5) \\ 0.001A/s \ 2.880A/s \ (PSW \ 800-1.44) \\ 0.001A/s \ 5.760A/s \ (PSW \ 800-2.88) \\ 0.001A/s \ 8.640A/s \ (PSW \ 800-4.32) \\ \end{array}$
Falling current slew rate	F-07	0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s ~ 18.00A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s ~ 27.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5) 0.001A/s ~ 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 0.001A/s ~ 5.760A/s (PSW 800-2.88) 0.001A/s ~ 8.640A/s (PSW 800-4.32)

Internal resistance setting	F-08	$\begin{array}{c} 0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega \ (\text{PSW 30-36}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 0.417\Omega \ (\text{PSW 30-72}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 0.278\Omega \ (\text{PSW 30-108}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 1.481\Omega \ (\text{PSW 40-27}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 0.741\Omega \ (\text{PSW 40-54}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 0.741\Omega \ (\text{PSW 40-54}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 0.494\Omega \ (\text{PSW 40-81}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega \ (\text{PSW 80-13.5}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 2.963\Omega \ (\text{PSW 80-27}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 2.963\Omega \ (\text{PSW 80-40.5}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 2.2222\Omega \ (\text{PSW 80-40.5}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 22.222\Omega \ (\text{PSW 160-7.2}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 7.407\Omega \ (\text{PSW 160-14.4}) \\ 0.00\Omega\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega \ (\text{PSW 250-4.5}) \\ 0.00\Omega \sim 27.77\Omega \ (\text{PSW 250-9}) \\ 0.00\Omega \sim 18.51\Omega \ (\text{PSW 800-1.44}) \\ 0.0\Omega \sim 277.8\Omega \ (\text{PSW 800-2.88}) \\ 0.0\Omega \sim 18.51\Omega \ (\text{PSW 800-4.32}) \\ \end{array}$	
Bleeder circuit control	F-09	0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO	
Buzzer ON/OFF control	F-10	0 = OFF, 1 = ON	
Measurement Average Setting	F-17	0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High	
Lock Mode	F-19	0 = Panel lock: allow output off 1 = Panel lock: allow output on/off	
USB/GPIB/RS232 setting	IS		
Front panel USB State	F-20	0 = Absent, 1 = Mass Storage	
Rear panel USB State	F-21	0 = Absent, 2 = USB-CDC, 3 = GPIB- USB adapter, 5 = RS232-USB adapter	
Rear panel USB mode	F-22	0 = Disable, 1 = USB Host, 2 = Auto detect speed, 3 = Full speed only	
GPIB address	F-23	0~30	
LAN settings			
MAC Address-1	F-30	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-2	F-31	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-3	F-32	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-4	F-33	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-5	F-34	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-6	F-35	0x00~0xFF	
LAN	F-36	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable	

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DHCP	F-37	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
IP Address-1	F-39	0~255
IP Address-2	F-40	0~255
IP Address-3	F-41	0~255
IP Address-4	F-42	0~255
Subnet Mask-1	F-43	0~255
Subnet Mask-2	F-44	0~255
Subnet Mask-3	F-45	0~255
Subnet Mask-4	F-46	0~255
Gateway-1	F-47	0~255
Gateway-2	F-48	0~255
Gateway-3	F-49	0~255
Gateway-4	F-50	0~255
DNS address -1	F-51	0~255
DNS address -2	F-52	0~255
DNS address-3	F-53	0~255
DNS address-4	F-54	0~255
Sockets active	F-57	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web Server active	F-59	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web password active	F-60	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web setting password	F-61	0000~9999
UART Settings**		
		0 = 1200, 1 = 2400, 2 = 4800, 3 =
UART Baud Rate	F-71	9600, 4 = 19200, 5 = 38400, 6 =
		57600, 7 = 115200
UART Data Bits	F-72	0 = 7 bits, 1 = 8 bits
UART Parity	F-73	0 = None, 1 = Odd, 2 = Even
UART Stop Bit	F-74	0 = 1 bit, 1 = 2 bits
System Settings		
Fastan, Cat Value	F 00	0 = No effect
Factory Set Value	F-88	1 = Return to factory settings
	F-89	0, 1 = PSW version
		2, 3 = PSW build year
		4, 5 = PSW build month/day
		6, 7 = Keyboard CPLD version
Show Version		8, 9 = Analog-Control CPLD version
		A, $B = Reserved$
		C, D = Kernel build year
		E, F = Kernel build month/day
		G, H = Test command version

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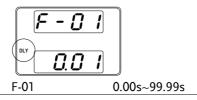
		I, J = Test command build year K, L = Test command build	
		month/day	
		M, N = USB Driver version.	
Power On Configu	ration Settings*		
		0 = Panel control (local)	
		1 = External voltage control 2 = External resistance control	
CV Control	F-90	2 = External resistance control (Ext-R \swarrow 10k Ω = Vo, max)	
CV Control		3 = External resistance control	
		$(\text{Ext-R} \square 10 \text{k} \Omega = 0)$	
		0 = Panel control (local)	
		1 = External voltage control	
		2 = External resistance control	
CC Control	F-91	$(Ext-R \swarrow 10k\Omega = Io,max)$	
		3 = External resistance control	
		$(Ext-R \square 10k\Omega = 0)$	
		0 = OFF at startup	
	F 02	1 = ON at startup	
Power-ON Output	F-92	T001 \sim T010 = Run test script TXX at	
		start up	
		0 = Master/Local	
		1 = Master/Parallel1	
Master/Slave	F-93	2 = Master/Parallel2	
Waster/Slave	1 55	3 = Slave/Parallel	
		4 = Slave/Series (Only 30V, 40V, 80V,	
		160V models)	
External Out Logic		0 = High ON, 1 = Low ON	
Power Switch trip	F-95	0 = Enable , 1 = Disable	
Calibration Settings*			
Calibration	F-00	0000 ~ 9999	
\wedge			
	Power On and Calibration settings can only be set		
	during power u	γ	
\wedge	CUR-001A and	GUR-001B is only available from	
/ ** Note		n 2.25 or above.	

Normal Function Settings

Output ON Delay Delays turning the output on for a designated Time amount of time. The Delay indicator will light when the Delay time is not 0.

Note: The Output ON Delay Time setting has a maximum deviation (error) of 20ms.

The Output ON Delay Time setting is disabled when the output is set to external control.



Output OFF Delays turning the output off for a designated Delay Time amount of time. The Delay indicator will light when the Delay time is not 0.

Note: The Output OFF Delay Time setting has a maximum deviation (error) of 20ms.

The Output OFF Delay Time setting is disabled when the output is set to external control.

V-I Mode Selects High Speed Priority or Slew Rate Priority for CV or CC mode. The voltage or current slew rate can only be edited if CC/CV Slew Rate Priority is selected. The ISR indicator will be lit for CC Slew Rate Priority and the VSR indicator will be lit for CV Slew Rate Priority.

Note: CC and CV Slew Rate Priority mode are disabled when voltage/current output is set to external control.

	CC Slew Rate priori		
	F-03	0 = CV high speed priority	
		1 = CC high speed priority 2 = CV slew rate priority	
		3 = CC slew rate priority	
Rising Voltage	Sets the rising voltage slew rate. Only applicable if		
Slew Rate	V-I Mode is set to CV Slew Rate Priority.		
	F-04	0.01V/s~60V/s (PSW 30-XX)	
		0.01V/s-80.00V/s (PSW 40-XX)	
		0.1V/s~160V/s (PSW 80-XX)	
		0.1V/s~320V/s (PSW 160-XX)	
		0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX)	
		1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)	
Falling Voltage Slew Rate	0	voltage slew rate. Only applicable et to CV Slew Rate Priority. 0.01V/s~60V/s (PSW 30-XX) 0.01V/s-80.00V/s (PSW 40-XX) 0.1V/s~160V/s (PSW 80-XX) 0.1V/s~320V/s (PSW 160-XX) 0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX) 1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)	

Rising Current Slew Rate	Sets the rising current slew rate. Only applicable if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority.	
	F-06 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36)	
	0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72)	
	0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-12)	
	0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27)	
	0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-54)	
	0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-81)	
	0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5)	
	0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27)	
	0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5)	
	0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2)	
	0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4)	
	0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-21.6)	
	0.001A/s~9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5)	
	0.01A/s~18.00A/s (PSW 250-9)	
	0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5)	
	0.001A/s~2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)	
	0.001A/s~5.760A/s (PSW 800-2.88)	
	0.001A/s~8.640A/s (PSW 800-4.32)	
Falling Current	Sets the falling current slew rate. Only applicable	
Falling Current Slew Rate	Sets the falling current slew rate. Only applicable if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority.	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority.	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-54)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.1A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-21.6)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~41.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 0.01A/s~9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~24.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~41.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-71.6) 0.001A/s~9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s~18.00A/s (PSW 250-9)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 0.01A/s~9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s~18.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.1A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~84.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-21.6) 0.001A/s~18.00A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5) 0.01A/s~2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)	
	if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s-54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 0.1A/s-162.0A/s (PSW 40-81) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 0.01A/s~9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s~18.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5)	

Internal Resistance Settings	Sets the internal resistance of the power supply. F-08 0.000 Ω ~0.833 Ω (PSW 30-36) 0.000 Ω ~0.417 Ω (PSW 30-72) 0.000 Ω ~0.278 Ω (PSW 30-108) 0.000 Ω ~1.481 Ω (PSW 40-27) 0.000 Ω ~ 0.741 Ω (PSW 40-54) 0.000 Ω ~ 0.494 Ω (PSW 40-81) 0.000 Ω ~ 0.494 Ω (PSW 40-81) 0.000 Ω ~ 2.963 Ω (PSW 80-13.5) 0.000 Ω ~2.963 Ω (PSW 80-27) 0.000 Ω ~1.975 Ω (PSW 80-40.5) 0.000 Ω ~1.975 Ω (PSW 160-7.2) 0.000 Ω ~11.111 Ω (PSW 160-14.4) 0.000 Ω ~ 7.407 Ω (PSW 160-21.6) 0.00 Ω ~ 27.77 Ω (PSW 250-4.5) 0.00 Ω ~ 18.51 Ω (PSW 800-1.44) 0.0 Ω ~ 277.8 Ω (PSW 800-2.88) 0.0 Ω ~ 185.1 Ω (PSW 800-4.32)
Bleeder Control	Bleeder control turns ON/OFF the bleeder resistor. When set to AUTO the bleeder resistor is automatically turned on when the output is turned on and turned off when the output or power is turned off. See page 27 for usage details.
Caution	When Bleeder Control is turned OFF or set to AUTO, the bleeder resistor is turned off when the power or output is turned off.
	The AUTO setting is only applicable to firmware version 1.59 or above.
	The following table shows how the state of the bleeder resistor depends on the Bleeder Control settings, the power state and the output state.

	Bleeder Control Setting			
	F-09	0 = OFF	1 = ON	2 = AUTO
		Bleeder re	sistor Sta	te
	Output ON	OFF	ON	ON
	Output OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
	Power OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
	F-09	0 = OFF, 1 = 0	ON, 2 = A	UTO
Buzzer ON/OFF	associated with alarm sounds and keypad entry sounds.			
	F-10	0 = OFF, 1 = 0	ON	
Measurement Average Setting	Determines the level of smoothing for the average setting.			
	Only available for F-17	r firmware v 0 = Low, 1 = I		
Lock Mode	Determines the behavior of the Output key when the panel lock is on.			
	Only available for firmware version 1.54 or above. F-19 0 = Panel lock: allow output off, 1 = Panel lock: allow output on/off			

USB/GPIB Settings

Front Panel USB State	Displays the from setting is not con F-20	nt panel USB-A port state. This nfigurable. 0 = Absent, 1 = Mass Storage
Rear Panel USB State	Displays the rea setting is not cor F-21	r panel USB-B port state. This nfigurable. 0 = Absent, 2 = USB-CDC, 3 = GPIB-USB adapter
Rear Panel USB Mode GPIB Address	be used to reduce when there are so operating enviro	 a, USB CDC Full Speed Only, can b, USB CDC Full Speed Only, can ce the data transmission speed sources of interference in the onment. This option is only mware version 1.42 and above. 0 = Disable, 1 = USB Host, 2 = Auto detect speed, 3 = Full speed only
LAN Settings		
MAC Address- 1~6	Displays the MA configurable. F-30~F-35	AC address 1~6. This setting is not 0x00~0xFF
LAN	Turns Ethernet o F-36	on or off. 0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
DHCP	Turns DHCP on F-37	or off. 0 = Disable, 1 = Enable

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IP Address-1~4	Sets the default IP address. IP address 1~4 splits		
	the IP address into four sections.		
	(F-39 : F-40 : F-4	l : F-42)	
	(0~255 : 0~255 :	0~255 : 0~255)	
Subnet Mask 1~4	Sets the subnet i four parts.	mask. The subnet mask is split into	
	(F-43 : F-44 : F-45	5: F-46)	
	(0~255 : 0~255 :	0~255 : 0~255)	
Cataviar 1 4	Cata the gateria	u address. The caterior address is	
Gateway 1~4		y address. The gateway address is	
	split into 4 parts		
	(F-47 : F-48 : F-49	,	
	(0~255 : 0~255 :	0~255 : 0~255)	
DNS Address 1~4	Sets the DNS ad	ldress. The DNS address is split	
	into 4 parts.		
	(F-51 : F-52 : F-53 : F-54)		
	(0~255 : 0~255 :	,	
	En ablas MabCa	lat compations	
Sockets active		cket connections.	
	F-57	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable	
Web server active	Turns Web serv	er control on/off.	
	F-59	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable	
Wah Decoverd	Turne e tuels ree	an off	
Web Password active	Turns a web pas	ssword on/ off.	
	F-60	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable	
Web Password	Sets the Web password.		
	F-61	0000 ~ 9999	

System Settings		
Factory Set Value	Returns the PSW to the factory default settings. See page 163 for a list of the default settings. F-88 0 = Disable, 1 = Return to factory default settings.	
Show Version	keyboard versio	 W version number, build date, n, analog-control version, kernel and version and test command 0, 1 = PSW version 2, 3 = PSW build year 4, 5 = PSW build month/day 6, 7 = Keyboard CPLD version 8, 9 = Analog-Control CPLD version A, B = Reserved C, D = Kernel build year E, F = Kernel build month/day G, H = Test command version I, J = Test command build year K, L = Test command build month/day M, N = USB Driver version

Power On Configuration Settings

CV Control Sets the constant voltage (CV) control mode between local and external voltage/resistance control. For external voltage control, see page 123 (External Voltage Control of Voltage Output) and page 128(External Resistance Control of Voltage Output).

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	F-90	0= Panel control (local) 1 = External voltage control 2 = External resistance control (Ext-R \checkmark 10k Ω = Vo,max) 3 = External resistance control (Ext-R \triangleright 10k Ω = 0)
CC Control	Sets the constant current (CC) control mode between local and external voltage/resistance control. For details on external voltage control, see page 126 (External Voltage Control of Current Output) and 130 (External Resistance Control of Current Output).	
	F-91	0= Panel control (local) 1 = External voltage control 2 = External resistance control (Ext-R \checkmark 10k Ω = Io,max) 3 = External resistance control (Ext-R \backsim 10k Ω = 0)
Power-ON Output	following at s	ne power supply to do one of the startup: keep the output off, turn the load a test script. 0 = OFF at startup 1 = ON at startup T001 ~ T010 = Run test script TXX at start up
Master/Slave	-	er supply as master or slave. See the es operation for details, page 75. 0 = Master/Local 1 = Master/Parallel1 2 = Master/Parallel2 3 = Slave/Parallel 4 = Slave/Series (Only for 30V, 40V, 80V, 160V models)
External Out Logic	Sets the exter F-94	nal logic as active high or low. 0= High ON, 1 = Low ON

Power Switch Trip	Turns the power off if enabled when the	
	protection settin	gs are tripped.
	F-95	1 = Disable, 0 = Enable

Calibration

Programmable	The calibration p	password is used to access the
Calibration	local mode calibration or other special functions.	
	The password u	sed determines which function is
	accessed. Please	see your distributor for details.
	F-00	0000 ~ 9999

Setting Normal Function Settings

The normal function settings (F-01~F-61, F-88~F-
89) can be easily configured with the Function
key.

- Ensure the load is not connected.
- Ensure the output is off.

Image: NoteFunction setting F-89 (Show Version) can only be
viewed, not edited.

Configuration settings F-90~F-95 cannot be edited in the Normal Function Settings. Use the Power On Configuration Settings. See page 118 for details.

- Steps1. Press the Function key. The
function key will light up.
- Function
- 2. The display will show F-01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.



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3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting.

F-00~ F-61, F-88~F-89 Range

- 4. Use the Current knob to set the parameter for the chosen F setting.
- 5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.

Press the Function key again to exit the configuration settings. The function key light will turn off.









Exit

Steps

Setting Power On Configuration Settings

Background The Power On configuration settings can only be changed during power up to prevent the configuration settings being inadvertently changed.

- Ensure the load is not connected.
- Ensure the power supply is off.
- 1. Hold the Function key whilst turning the power on.
- 2. The display will show F-90 on the top and the configuration setting for F-90 on the bottom.





3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting.

F-90~ F-95



4. Use the Current knob to set the parameter for the chosen F setting.



5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.





Exit Cycle the power to save and exit the configuration settings.



The Analog Control chapter describes how to control the voltage or current output using an external voltage or resistance, monitor the voltage or current output as well as remotely turning off the output or shutting down the power supply.

Analog Remote Control Overview	121
Analog Control Connector Overview	
External Voltage Control of Voltage Output	
External Voltage Control of Current Output	
External Resistance Control of Voltage Output	
External Resistance Control of Current Output	
External Control of Output	
External control of Shutdown	
Remote Monitoring	
External Voltage and Current Monitoring	
External Operation and Status Monitoring	

Analog Remote Control Overview

The PSW power supply series have a number of analog control options. The Analog Control connectors are used to control output voltage and current using external voltage or resistance. The power supply output and power switch can also be controlled using external switches.

- Analog Control connector overview \rightarrow from page 121
- External voltage control of voltage output \rightarrow from page 123
- External voltage control of current output \rightarrow from page 126
- External resistance control of voltage output \rightarrow from page 128
- External resistance control of current output \rightarrow from page 130
- External control of output \rightarrow from page 132
- External control of the power switch \rightarrow from page 135

Analog Control Connector Overview

Overview	The Analog Control Connector is a standard Mil 26 pin connector (OMRON XG4 IDC plug). The connector is used for all analog remote control. The pins used determine what remote control mode is used.
	To prevent electric shock, ensure that the cover for the Analog Control Connector is used when the connector is not in use.
Pin Assignment	25 1

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Pin name	Pir	number Description
Current Share	1	Used when operating 2 or more units in parallel.
D COM	2	Connected to the (-S) sense- terminal when remote sense is used. Connected to the negative output terminal when remote sense is not used.
CURRENT SUM	3	Current sum output signal when used in parallel mode.
EXT-V CV CONT	4	External voltage control of the voltage output. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
EXT-V CC CONT	5	External voltage control of the current output. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument
EXT-R CV CONT PIN1	6	External resistance control of the voltage output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
EXT-R CV CONT PIN2	7	External resistance control of the voltage output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
EXT-R CC CONT PIN1	8	External resistance control of the current output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
EXT-R CC CONT PIN2	9	External resistance control of the current output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
VMON	10	Voltage Monitor Output. Outputs the full scale voltage (0~100%) as a voltage (0V~10V).
IMON	11	Current Monitor Output. Outputs the full scale current (0~100%) as a voltage (0V~10V).
SHUTDOWN	12	The shut down signal will turn off the output or power when a low TTL signal is applied. The shutdown signal is pulled up to 5V with a $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor.
CURRENT_SUM_1	13	Master unit current sum input signal from first slave CURRENT SUM OUTPUT. Used in parallel mode only.

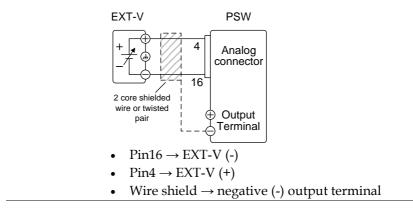
CURRENT_SUM_2	14	Master unit current sum input signal from second slave CURRENT SUM OUTPUT. Used in parallel mode only.
FEEDBACK	15	Parallel control signal during master-slave parallel operation.
A COM	16	Analog signal common. Connected to the sense- terminal when remote sense is used. Connected to the negative output terminal when remote sense is not used.
STATUS COM	17	Common for status signals 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22.
CV STATUS	18	Turns on when CV mode is active. (photo coupled open collector output)
CC STATUS	19	Turns on when CC mode is active. (photo coupled open collector output)
ALM STATUS	20	Turns on when any of the protection modes are tripped (OVP, OCP) or if a shutdown signal is input. (photo coupled open collector output)
OUTPUT ON STATUS	21	Turns on when the output has been turned on. (photo coupled open collector output)
POWER OFF STATUS	22	Turns on when the power switch is turned off.
N.C.	23	Not connected
OUT ON/OFF CONT	24	Turns the output on/off when (default setting) a low TTL signal is applied. Internally, the circuit is pulled up to +5V with $10k\Omega$ resistance.
SER SLV IN	25	Series slave input during master-slave series operation. (30V/40V/80V/160V models only)
N.C.	26	Not connected

External Voltage Control of Voltage Output

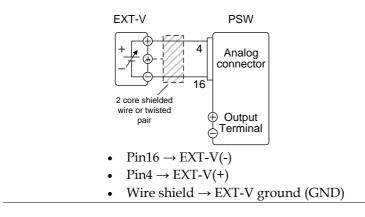
Background External voltage control of the voltage output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale voltage of the instrument, where: Output voltage = full scale voltage × (external

voltage/10)

Connection When connecting the external voltage source to the MIL connectors, use shielded or twisted paired wiring.



Connection- alt. If the wire shield needs to be grounded at the shielding voltage source (EXT-V), then the shield cannot also be grounded at the negative (-) terminal output of the PSW power supply. This would short the output.



Panel operation 1. Connect the external voltage according to the connection diagrams above.

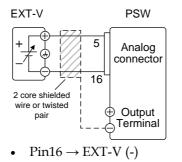
	 2. Set the F-90 power on Page 118 configuration setting to 1 (CV control - Ext voltage). Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set. 		
	3. Press the Function key and confirm the new configuration settings (F-90=1).		
_	4. Press the Output key. The voltage output can now be controlled with the External voltage.		
Note	The input impedance for external voltage control is 10k Ω .		
	Use a stable voltage supply for the external voltage control.		
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external voltage control. See the normal function settings on page 107.		
	Ensure no more than 10.5 volts are input into the external voltage input.		
	Ensure the voltage polarity is correct when connecting the external voltage.		

External Voltage Control of Current Output

Background External voltage control of the current output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale current of the instrument, where:

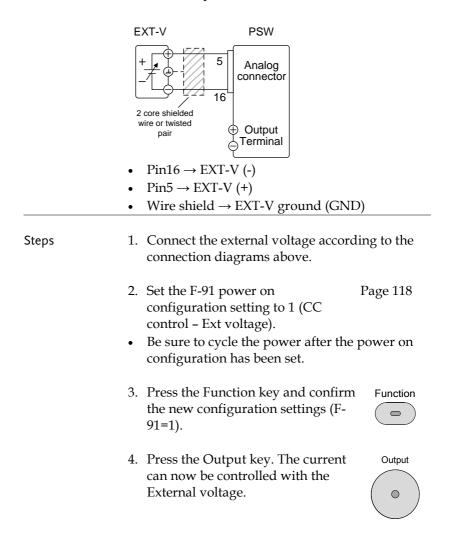
Output current = full scale current × (external voltage/10)

Connection When connecting the external voltage source to the MIL connectors, use shielded or twisted paired wiring.



- $Pin5 \rightarrow EXT-V(+)$
- Wire shield \rightarrow negative (-) output terminal

Connection- alt. If the wire shield needs to be grounded at the shielding voltage source (EXT-V), then the shield cannot also be grounded at the negative (-) terminal output of the PSW power supply. This would short the output.



Note	The input impedance for external voltage control is 10k Ω .	
	Use a stable voltage supply for the external voltage control.	
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external voltage control. See the normal function settings on page 107.	
	Ensure the voltage polarity is correct when connecting the external voltage.	
	Ensure no more than 10.5 volts are input into the external voltage input.	
External Resistance Control of Voltage Output		

Background	External resistance control of the voltage output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage of the instrument.
	The output voltage (0 to full scale) can be controlled with the external resistance going up (Ext-R \bowtie) 0k Ω ~10k Ω (10k Ω = Vo,max) or down (Ext-R \searrow) 10k Ω ~0k Ω (10k Ω = 0).
	For $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$: Output voltage = full scale voltage × (external resistance/10)
	For 10kΩ~0kΩ: Output voltage = full scale voltage × ([10-external resistance]/10)

Note	The Ext-R configuration is recommended for safety reasons. In the event that the cables become accidentally disconnected, the voltage output will drop to zero. Under similar circumstances using Ext-R \downarrow , an unexpected high voltage would be output. If switches are used to switch between fixed resistances, use switches that avoid creating open circuits. Use short-circuit or continuous resistance switches.		
	EXT-R PSW		
Connection	Analog connector 2 core shielded wire or twisted pair Output Terminal		
	• $Pin6 \rightarrow EXT-R$		
	• $Pin7 \rightarrow EXT-R$		
	• Wire shield \rightarrow negative (-) output terminal		
Steps	1. Connect the external resistance according to the connection diagrams above.		
	 2. Set the F-90 (CV Control) Page 118 configuration settings to 2 for Ext-R↓ or 3 for Ext-R▶. Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set. 		
	3. Press the Function key and confirm the new configuration settings (F-90=2 or 3).		

	4. Press the Output key. The voltage can now be controlled with the External resistance.		
Note	Ensure the resistor(s) and cables used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.		
	When choosing an external resistor ensure the resistor can withstand a high degree of heat.		
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external resistance control. See the normal function settings on page 107.		

External Resistance Control of Current Output

Background	External resistance control of the current output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A resistance of $0k\Omega$ ~10k Ω is used to control the full scale current of the instrument.
	The output current (0 to full scale) can be controlled with the external resistance going up (Ext-R $\not\!$
	For $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$: Output current = full scale current \times (external resistance/10)
	For $10k\Omega \sim 0k\Omega$: Output current = full scale current × ([10-external resistance]/10)

Note	The Ext-R configuration is recommended for safety reasons. In the event that the cables become accidentally disconnected, the current output will drop to zero. Under similar circumstances using Ext-R , an unexpected high current would be output. If switches are used to switch between fixed resistances, use switches that avoid creating open circuits. Use short-circuit or continuous resistance			
	switches.			
Connection	EXT-R PSW			
	Analog connector 2 core shielded wire or twisted pair Output Terminal			
	• $Pin9 \rightarrow EXT-R$			
	• $Pin8 \rightarrow EXT-R$			
	• Wire shield → negative (-) output terminal			
Steps	1. Connect the external resistance according to the connection diagrams above.			
	1. Set the F-91 (CC Control) Page 118 configuration settings to 2 for Ext- $R \sqcup $ or 3 for Ext- $R \sqcup $.			
	 Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set. 			
	 2. Press the Function key and confirm the new configuration settings (F-91=2 or 3). 			

	3. Press the Output key. The current can now be controlled with the External resistance.
Note	Ensure the resistor(s) and cables used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.
	When choosing an external resistor ensure the resistor can withstand a high degree of heat.
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external resistance control. See the normal function settings on page 107.

External Control of Output

Background

The output can be turned on or off externally using a switch. The analog control connector can be set to turn the output on from a high or low signal. The voltage across pins 2 and 24 are internally pulled to $+5V \pm 5\%$ @ 500uA with $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor. A short (closed switch) produces a low signal.

When set to High = On, the output is turned on when the pins 2-24 are open.

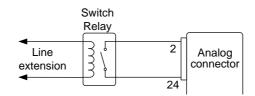
When Low = On, the output is turned on when pins 2-24 are shorted.

Connection	Switch	PSW		
Connection	2 core shielded wire or twisted pair	Analog connector Output Terminal		
	• $Pin2 \rightarrow Switch$			
	• $Pin24 \rightarrow Switch$			
• Wire shield \rightarrow negative (-) output termin				
Steps	 connection dia Set F-94 (Extention the power on a to 0 (High = O) Be sure to cycle 	 Connect the external switch according to the connection diagrams above. Set F-94 (External output logic) in Page 118 the power on configuration settings to 0 (High = On) or 1 (Low = On). Be sure to cycle the power after setting the power on configuration settings. 		
		tion key and confirm uration settings.	Function	
	3. The switch is n off.	ow ready to set the ou	1tput on or	

002

\wedge	\ \	
∕ !	∆Note	

When using a switch over long distances, please use a switch relay to extend the line from the coil side of the relay.



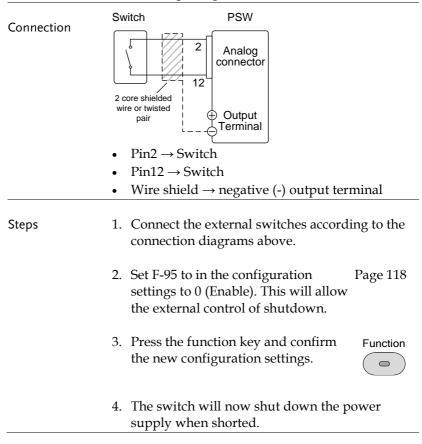
If a single switch control is to be used for multiple units, please isolate each instrument. This can be achieved by using a relay.

Warning	Ensure the cables used and the switch exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.		
Note Note	Messages: If F-94 = 0 (High = on) and the pin 24 is low (0) "MSG 001" will be displayed on the display.		
	If F-94 = 1 (Low = on) and the pin 24 is high (1) "MSG 002" will be displayed on the display.		
	Output off (High=on) Output off (Low=on)		

001

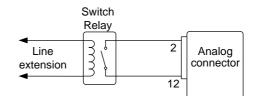
External control of Shutdown

Background The output of the power supplies can be configured to shut down via an external switch. The ability to externally shut down the power supply must first be enabled in the power on configuration settings. The voltage across pins 2 and 12 are internally pulled to $+5V \pm 5\%$ @ 500uA with $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor.





When using a switch over long distances, please use a switch relay to extend the line from the coil side of the relay.



If a single switch control is to be used for multiple units, please isolate each instrument. This can be achieved by using a relay.

Warning

Ensure the cables and switch used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.

Remote Monitoring

The PSW power supplies have remote monitoring support for current and voltage output. They also support monitoring of operation and alarm status.

- External monitoring of output voltage and current → from page 137
- External monitoring of operation mode and alarm status \rightarrow from page 139

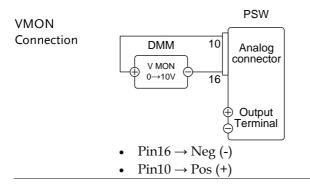
External Voltage and	Current Monitoring
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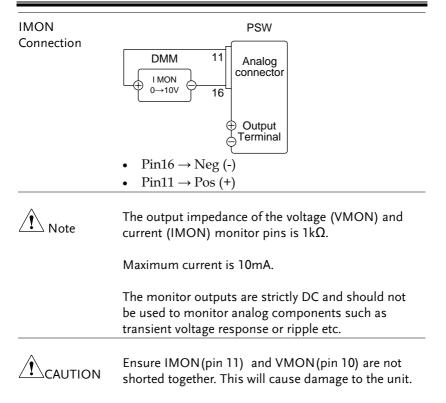
Background	The MIL 26 pin connector is used to monitor the
	current (IMON) or voltage (VMON) output.

An output of 0~10V represents the voltage or current output of 0~ rated current/voltage output.

- IMON = (current output/full scale) × 10
- VMON = (voltage output/full scale) × 10

External voltage and current monitoring doesn't need to be enabled in the configuration settings.





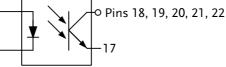
External Operation and Status Monitoring

Background	The MIL 26 pin connector can also be used to monitor the status operation and alarm status of the instrument.
------------	---

The pins are isolated from the power supply internal circuitry by photo couplers. Status Com (Pin 17) is a photo coupler emitter output, whilst pins 18~22 are photo coupler collector outputs.

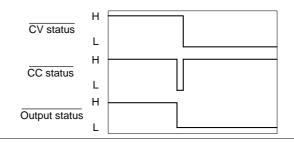
A maximum of 30V and 8mA can be applied to each pin.

Name and Pin		Description
STATUS COM	17	Common (photo coupler emitter) for status signals 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22.
CV STATUS	18	Low when CV mode is active.
CC STATUS	19	Low when CC mode is active.
ALM STATUS	20	Low when any of the protection modes are tripped (OVP, OCP). Active low.
OUT ON STATUS	21	Low when the output is on.
PWR OFF STATUS	22	Active low.

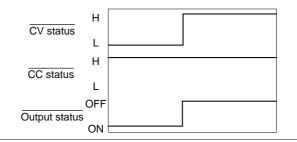


Timing diagrams Below are 4 example timing diagrams covering a number fo scenarios. Note that pins 18~22 are all active low.

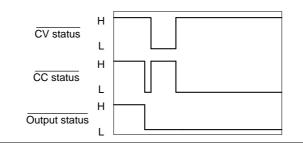
CV MODE: The diagram below shows the timing diagram Output turned on when the output is turned on when the PSW is set to CV mode.



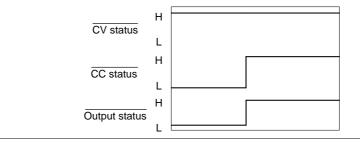
CV MODE: The diagram below shows the output status lines Output turned off when the output is turned off in CV mode.



CC MODE: The diagram below shows the timing diagram Output turned on when the output is turned on when the PSW is set to CC mode.



CC MODE: The diagram below shows the output status lines Output turned off when the output is turned off in CC mode.



COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control. For a command list, refer to the programming manual, downloadable from GW Instek website, www.gwinstek.com

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Interface Configuration

USB Remote Interface

USB configuration	PC side connector	Type A, host
	PSW side connector	Rear panel Type B, slave
	Speed	1.1/2.0 (full speed/high speed)
	USB Class	CDC (communications device class)
Steps	1. Connect the USB cable to the rear panel USB B port.	

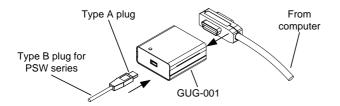
2. Change the Rear panel-USB (F-22) Page 116 setting to USB-CDC (2).

Configure GPIB Interface

To use GPIB, the optional GPIB to USB (GUG-001) adapter must be used. Only one GPIB address can be used at a time.

Configure GPIB	1.	Ensure the PSW is off before proceeding.
----------------	----	--

- 2. Connect the USB cable from the rear panel USB B port on the PSW to the USB A port on the GPIB to USB adapter.
- 3. Connect a GPIB cable from a GPIB controller to the GPIB port on the adapter.



- 4. Turn the PSW on.
- 5. Press the Function key to enter the Page 116 Normal configuration settings.

Set the following GPIB settings

	F-22 = 1	Set the rear panel USB port to USB Host.
	F-23 = 0~30	Set the GPIB address (0~30)
GPIB constraints	length, 2m beUnique addreAt least 2/3 or	devices altogether, 20m cable etween each device ess assigned to each device of the devices turned On arallel connection

Configure Ethernet Connection

The Ethernet interface can be configured for a number of different applications. Ethernet can be configured for basic remote control or monitoring using a web server or it can be configured as a socket server.

The PSW series supports both DHCP connections so the instrument can be automatically connected to an existing network or alternatively, network settings can be manually configured.

Ethernet configuration Parameters		configure the Ethernet e configuration chapter on
	MAC Address (display only)	LAN
	DHCP	IP Address
	Subnet Mask	Gateway
	DNS Address	Sockets Active
	Web Server Active	Web Password Active
	Web set password	0000~9999 (default 0000)
Web Server Con	figuration	
Configuration	PSW as a web server a automatically assign a	in IP address to the PSW.
	 Connect an Ethern network to the rear port. 	
	2. Press the Function Normal configurat	key to enter the Page 116 ion settings.

	Set the following F-36 = 1 F-37 = 1 F-59 = 1	g LAN settings: Enable LAN Turn DHCP to enable Turn the web server on
Note Note		ary to cycle the power or refresh the ponnect to a network.
Sockets Server C	Configuration	
Configuration	This configuration PSW socket serv	on example will configure the er.
	manually assign enable the socke	onfiguration settings will the PSW an IP address and t server. By default, the socket ber is 2268 and cannot be
		thernet cable from the LAN e rear panel Ethernet
		action key to enter the Page 116 guration settings.
	Set the following F-36 = 1 F-37 = 0 F-39 = 172 F-40 = 16 F-41 = 5 F-42 = 133 F-43 = 255 F-44 = 255 F-44 = 255 F-45 = 128 F-46 = 0 F-47 = 172	g LAN settings: Enable LAN Disable DHCP IP Address part 1 of 4 IP Address part 2 of 4 IP Address part 3 of 4 IP Address part 4 of 4 Subnet Mask part 1 of 4 Subnet Mask part 2 of 4 Subnet Mask part 3 of 4 Subnet Mask part 4 of 4 Gateway part 1 of 4

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F-48 = 16	Gateway part 2 of 4
F-49 = 21	Gateway part 3 of 4
F-50 = 101	Gateway part 4 of 4
F-51 = 172	DNS Address 1 of 4
F-52 = 16	DNS Address 2 of 4
F-53 = 1	DNS Address 3 of 4
F-54 = 252	DNS Address 4 of 4
F-57 = 1	Enable Sockets

Note Note

The socket function is only available for firmware version V1.12 or above. See page 114 to check your firmware version number.

USB Remote Control Function Check

Functionality check	Invoke a terminal application such as Realterm. The PSW will appear as a COM port on the PC.
	To check the COM port No, see the Device Manager in the PC. For WinXP; Control panel \rightarrow System \rightarrow Hardware tab.
I Note	If you are not familiar with using a terminal application to send/receive remote commands via a USB connection, please page 148 (Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection) for more information.
	Run this query command via the terminal after the instrument has been configured for USB remote control (page 143).
	*idn?
	This should return the Manufacturer, Model number, Serial number, and Firmware version in the following format.

	GW-INSTEK,PSW-XXX-X,TW123456,01.00. 20110101
	Manufacturer: GW-INSTEK
	Model number : PSW-XXX-X
	Serial number : TW123456
	Firmware version : 01.00.20110101
Note Note	For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.

Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection

Background	Realterm is a terminal program that can be used to communicate with a device attached to the serial port of a PC or via an emulated serial port via USB.
	The following instructions apply to version 2.0.0.70. Even though Realterm is used as an example to establish a remote connection, any terminal program can be used that has similar functionality.
Note	Realterm can be downloaded on Sourceforge.net free of charge.
	For more information please see http://realterm.sourceforge.net/
Operation	1. Download Realterm and install according to the instructions on the Realterm website.
	2. Connect the PSW via USB (page 143).

 Go to the Windows device manager and find the COM port number for the connection. For example, go to the Start menu > Control Panel > Device Manager

Double click the *Ports* icon to reveal the connected serial port devices and the COM port for the each connected device.

The baud rate, stop bit and parity settings can be viewed for the virtual COM port by rightclicking connected device and selecting the *Properties* option.



4. Start Realterm on the PC as an administrator. Click:

Start menu>All Programs>RealTerm>realterm

Tip: to run as an administrator, you can right click the Realterm icon in the Windows Start menu and select the *Run as Administrator* option.

5. After Realterm has started, click on the *Port* tab.

Enter the *Baud*, *Parity*, *Data bits*, *Stop bits* and *Port* number configuration for the connection.

The *Hardware Flow Control, Software Flow Control* options can be left at the default settings.

Press Open to connect to the PSW.

😕 RealTerm	Serial Capture Program 2.0.0.70	
•	111	4
Display Port	Capture Pins Send Echo Pont 12C 12C-2 \n Clear Pont 13 Open Spy Change Subjects Flow Control Store 12	Freeze ? Status Disconne RXD (2) TXD (3)
None Odd C Even Mark C Space	C bits C 2bits C 7 bits Hardware Flow Control C 5 bits C DTR/DSR C RS485-rts C Reverse Xon Char. 17 Transmit Xoff Char. 19 Winsock is: C 7 bits C DTR/DSR C RS485-rts	CTS (8) DCD (1)

6. Click on the *Send* tab.

In the *EOL* configuration, check on the +*CR* and +*LF* check boxes.

Enter the query: **idn?*

Click on Send ASCII.

RealTerm: Serial Capture Program 2.0.0.70
GV-INSTEK, PSW250-9, .01.54.201403134
Display Port Capture Pins Send Echo Port 12C 12C-2 12CMisc Misc In
Fidn? Send Numbers Send ASCII ← CR F Befor ↓ LF
Send Numbers Send Age(I + F
□ LF Repeats 1 Literal _ Strip Spaces _ +crc SMBUS 8
c\temp\capture.txt
Bepeats 1 🔹 0

7. The terminal display will return the following:

GW-INSTEK, PSW-XXX-X, TW123456, 01.00.20110101

(manufacturer, model, serial number, version)

8. If Realterm fails to connect to the PSW, please check all the cables and settings and try again.

Web Server Remote Control Function Check

Functionality check	Enter the IP address of the power supply in a web browser after the instrument has been configured as a web server (page 145).
	http:// XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX
	The web browser interface appears.
Note Note	For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.

Socket Server Function Check

Background	To test the socket server functionality, National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer can be used. This program is available on the NI website, <u>www.ni.com</u> ., via a search for the VISA Run-time Engine page, or "downloads" at the following URL, http://www.ni.com/visa/
Requirements	Firmware: V1.12 Operating System: Windows XP, 7

Functionality1. Start the NI Measurement and AutomationcheckExplorer (MAX) program. Using Windows,
press:

Start>All Programs>National Instruments>Measurement & Automation



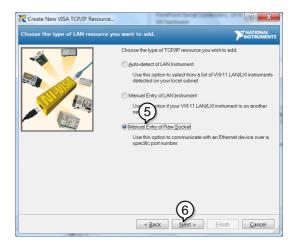
2. From the Configuration panel access;

My System>Devices and Interfaces>Network Devices

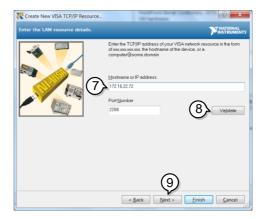
- 3. Click Create New
- 4. Select Visa TCP/IP Resource.



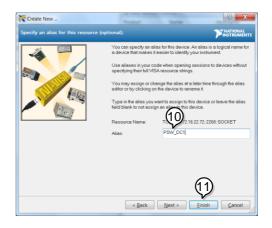
- 5. Select *Manual Entry of Raw Socket* from the popup window.
- 6. Click Next.



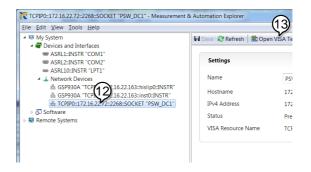
- 7. Enter the IP address and the port number of the PSW. The port number is fixed at 2268.
- 8. Click the Validate button. A popup box will appear when successful.
- 9. Click Next.



- 10. Next configure the Alias (name) of the PSW connection. In this example the Alias is: PSW_DC1
- 11. Click finish.



- 12. The IP address of the PSW will now appear under Network Devices in the configuration panel. Select this icon now.
- 13. Press Open VISA Test Panel.



- 14. Click Configuration icon.
- 15. In the *I/O Settings* tab, select the *Enable Termination Character* check box. Ensure *Line Feed* - n is selected as the line feed character.
- 16. Click Apply Changes.



- 17. Click the Input/Output icon.
- Ensure *IDN?\n is selected in the Select or Enter Command dropdown text box.
- 19. Click the *Query* button.
- 20. The *IDN? query should be returned to the buffer area: GW-INSTEK,PSW250-9,,01.54.20140313\n





For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.



The PSW power supply filters should be replaced on a periodic schedule to maintain performance and specification characteristics.

Replacing the Dust Filter	5	,(9
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Replacing the Dust Filter

The dust filter should be replaced at least 2 times a year. Not replacing the filter on a regular basis will reduce performance and may cause the unit to overheat.

Front panel filter 1. Turn the instrument off. (all models)

2. Pull the filter out from the bottom of the front panel.



3. Replace the filter with GW Instek part number 57RG-30B001X1.

Side panel filters (Type II & Type III)

- 1. Lift the side panel up and away from the case.
- 2. Remove the filter from the grill and replace with a new filter (GW Instek part number PSW-010).





Faq

- The power supply won't let me change the mode (C.V. mode ↔ C.C. mode).
- The OVP voltage is triggered earlier than expected.
- Can I combine more than 1 cable together for the output wiring?
- The accuracy does not match the specification.

The power supply won't let me change the mode (C.V. mode \leftrightarrow C.C. mode).

To set the power supply to CC or CV mode, the Function key must be held when the power is turned on to enter the Power On Configuration Mode. See page 118.

The OVP voltage is triggered earlier than expected.

When setting the OVP voltage, take into account the voltage drop from the load cables. As the OVP level is set from the output terminals and not the load terminals, the voltage at the load terminals may be slightly lower.

Can I combine more than 1 cable together for the output wiring?

Yes. Cables can be used together (in parallel) if the current capacity of a single cable is insufficient. However the withstand voltage should also be taken into account. Ensure the cables are twisted together and are the same length. The accuracy does not match the specification.

Make sure the device is powered On for at least 30 minutes, within $+20^{\circ}C^{+}30^{\circ}C$. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specification.

For more information, contact your local dealer or GWInstek at www.gwinstek.com / marketing@goodwill.com.tw.



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PSW Default Settings

The following default settings are the factory configuration settings for the power supply (Function settings/Test settings).

For details on how to return to the factory default settings, see page 58.

Initial Settings	Default S	etting					
Output	Off						
LOCK	0 (Disabled)						
Voltage	0V						
Current	0A						
OVP	Maximun	1					
OCP	Maximun	1					
Normal Function							
Settings	Setting	Default Setting					
Output ON delay time	F-01	0.00s					
Output OFF delay time	F-02	0.00s					
V-I mode slew rate select	F-03	0 = CV high speed priority					
Rising voltage slew rate	F-04	60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX)					
		80.00V/s (PSW 40-XX)					
		160.0V/s (PSW 80-XX)					
		320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX)					
		500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX)					
		1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)					
Falling voltage slew rate	F-05	60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX)					
		80.00V/s (PSW 40-XX)					
		160.0V/s (PSW 80-XX)					
		320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX)					
		500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX)					
		1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)					
Output ON delay time Output OFF delay time V-I mode slew rate select Rising voltage slew rate	F-01 F-02 F-03 F-04	0.00s 0.00s 0 = CV high speed priority 60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX) 80.00V/s (PSW 40-XX) 160.0V/s (PSW 80-XX) 320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX) 500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX) 1600V/s (PSW 800-XX) 60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX) 80.00V/s (PSW 40-XX) 160.0V/s (PSW 40-XX) 320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX) 500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX)					

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Rising current slew rate	F-06	72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 216.0A/s (PSW 40-77) 108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 108.0A/s (PSW 40-81) 27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 54.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 54.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 28.80A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 43.20A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 18.00A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 18.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5) 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 5.760A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 5.760A/s (PSW 800-2.88) 8.640A/s (PSW 30-36) 144.0A/s (PSW 30-36) 144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 108.0A/s (PSW 40-27) 108.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 162.0A/s (PSW 40-54) 162.0A/s (PSW 80-27) 81.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 28.80A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 28.80A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 28.80A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 18.00A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 18.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5) 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 43.20A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 43.20A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 5.760A/s (PSW 800-2.88) 8.640A/s (PSW 800-2.88)
Internal resistance	F-08	0.000Ω
setting Bleeder circuit control	F-09	1 = ON
Buzzer ON/OFF control	F-10	1 = ON

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Measurement Average Setting	F-17	0 = Low
Lock Mode	F-19	0 = Panel lock: allow output off
USB/GPIB setting		
Rear Panel USB Mode	F-22	2 = USB CDC
GPIB address	F-23	8
LAN setting		
LAN	F-36	1 = Enable
DHCP	F-37	1 = Enable
Sockets active	F-57	1 = Enable
Web Server active	F-59	1 = Enable
Web password active	F-60	1 = Enable
Web setting password	F-61	0000
Power On Configuration		
CV Control	F-90	0= Panel control (local)
CC Control	F-91	0= Panel control (local)
Power-ON Output	F-92	0 = OFF at startup
Master/Slave	F-93	0 = Master/Local
External Out Logic	F-94	0= High ON
Power Switch trip	F-95	0 = Enable

Error Messages & Messages

The following error messages or messages may appear on the PSW screen during operation.

Error Messages	Description
Err 001	USB Mass Storage is not present
Err 002	No (such)file in USB mass storage
Err 003	Empty memory location
Err 004	File access error
Note Note	For error messages other than Err 001 to Err 004, please contact your distributor for service repair.
Messages	Description
MSG 001	External control of output. Output off (F-94=0, High=on)
MSG 002	External control of output. Output off (F-94=1, Low=on)
MSG 003	F-93 is not zero. Unable to calibrate.
LOCK F-19	F-19 is zero. Unable to turn the output on.

LED Display Format

Use the following table to read the LED display messages.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С	D
0	1	2	3	Ч	5	8	7	8	9	8	Ь	Ľ	ď
Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	Ν	0	Р	Q	R
Ε	F	5	Н	Ē	J	۲	L	ā	n	0	ρ	9	r
_						۲ ۲							r

PSW Specifications

The specifications apply when the PSW is powered on for at least 30 minutes.

PSW 360W

PSW 30-36, PSW 40-27, PSW 80-13.5, PSW 160-7.2, PSW 250-4.5, 800-1.44

		PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW			
Model	Unit	30-36	40-27	80-13.5	160-7.2	250-4.5	800-1.44			
Rated Output Voltage	V	30	40	80	160	250	800			
Rated Output Current	А	36	27	13.5	7.2	4.5	1.44			
Rated Output Power	W	360	360	360	360	360	360			
Power Ratio		3	3	3	3.2	3.125	3.2			
Constant Voltage Mode										
Line Regulation*1	mV	18	23	43	83	128	403			
Load Regulation*2	mV	20	25	45	85	130	405			
Ripple and Noise*3										
p-p*4	mV	60	60	60	60	80	150			
r.m.s *5	mV	7	7	7	12	15	30			
	rature coefficient ppm 100ppm/°C of rated output voltage, after a 30									
	/°C	minute warm-up.								
Remote sense										
compensation voltage	V	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1	1			
(single wire)										
Rise Time ^{*6}										
Rated Load	ms	50	50	50	100	100	150			
No Load	ms	50	50	50	100	100	150			
Fall Time ^{*7}										
Rated Load	ms	50	50	50	100	150	300			
No Load	ms	500	500	500	1000	1200	2000			
Transient response	100.0	1	1	1	2	2	2			
time ^{*8}	ms	I	1	1	Z	Z	Z			
Constant Current Mode										
Line regulation*1	mΑ	41	32	18.5	12.2	9.5	6.44			
Load regulation*9	mА	41	32	18.5	12.2	9.5	6.44			
Ripple and noise										
r.m.s ^{*5}	mA	72	54	27	15	10	5			

Temperature coefficient ppm /°C		0ppm/° inute wa		ed outpı	ut curren	t, after a	30
Protection Function							
Over voltage protection (OVP)							
Setting range	V	3-33	4-44	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
Setting accuracy		± (2%	of rated	output	voltage)		
Over current protection (OCP)							
Setting range	А	3.6-	2.7-	1.35-	0.72-	0.45-	0.144-
	А	39.6	29.7	14.85	7.92	4.95	1.584
Setting accuracy		± (2%	of rated	output	current)		
Overheat(Over temperature)							
protection (OHP (OTP))							
Operation		Turn th	ie outpu	it off.			
Low AC input protection (AC-							
FAIL)							
Operation		Turn th	ie outpu	it off.			
Power limit (POWER LIMIT)							
Operation			ower lin				
Value (fixed)		Approx	. 1 0 5%	of rated	output p	oower	
Analog Programming and Mo	nito	oring					
External voltage control		Accura	cy and I	inearity:	±0.5% c	of rated o	output
output voltage		voltage					
External voltage control		Accura	cy and I	inearity:	±1% of	rated ou	tput
output current		current					
External resistor control				inearity:	±1.5% c	of rated o	output
output voltage		voltage					
External resistor control		Accura	cy and I	inearity:	±1.5% c	of rated o	output
output current		current	t				
Output voltage monitor							
Accuracy	%	±۱	±l	±l	±l	±2	±2
Output current monitor							
Accuracy	%	±۱	±l	±l	±l	±2	±2
Shutdown control					wer off v	vith a LC	V0) W(
				ort-circui			
Output on/off control				selectior			
					ng a LOV		
					e output		ng a
					open-ciro		
		Turn th	ie outpu	it on usi	ng a HIC	GH (4.5∨	′ to 5V)
					e output		ig a
					nort-circi		
CV/CC/ALM/PWR ON/OUT					lector ou		
ON indicator			um volt	age 30V,	maximu	ım sink	current
		8mA.					

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Front Panel								
Display, 4 digits								
Voltage accuracy 0.1% +	тV	20	20	20	100	200	400	
Current accuracy 0.1% +	mΑ	40	30	20	5	5	2	
Indications		GREEN	LED's:	CV, CC,	VSR, IS	R, DLY,	RMT,	
		20, 40,	60, 80,	100, %V	V, W, V, <i>I</i>	4		
			D's: AL					
Buttons	uttons Function, OVP/OCP, Set, Test, Lock/Local, PWR DSPL, Output							
Knobs		Voltage	, Currei	nt				
USB port Type A USB connector								
Programming and Measurement (USB, LAN, GPIB)								
Output voltage programming								
accuracy 0.1% +	тV	10	10	10	100	200	400	
Output current programming								
accuracy 0.1% +	mΑ	30	20	10	5	5	2	
Output voltage programming								
resolution	тV	1	1	2	3	5	14	
Output current programming								
resolution	mΑ	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Output voltage measurement								
accuracy 0.1% +	тV	10	10	10	100	200	400	
Output current measurement								
accuracy 0.1% +	mΑ	30	20	10	5	5	2	
Output voltage measurement								
resolution	mV	1	1	2	3	5	14	
Output current measurement								
resolution	mΑ	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Series and Parallel Capability								
	Jnits	-	3	3	3	3	3	
	Jnits	2	2	2	2	None	None	
Input Characteristics		1001						
Nominal input rating			to 240	Vac, 50⊦	Iz to 60	Hz, sing	le	
		phase	0.651.6					
Input voltage range			~ 265Va	с				
Input voltage range		47Hz ~	- 63Hz					
Maximum input current								
100Vac	A	5						
200Vac	Α	2.5	<u> </u>					
Inrush current			an 25A.					
Maximum input power	VA	500						
Power factor								
100Vac		0.99						
200Vac		0.97						

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Efficiency											
100Vac	%	77	78	78	79	79	80				
200Vac	%		80	80	81	81	82				
Hold-up time		20ms	s or grea	ater							
Interface Capabilities			Ũ								
USB		USB C	lass: CI		ilave, Sp munica						
		Class)									
LAN		MAC Address, DNS IP Address, User									
						s, Instru	ument IP				
			,	net Mas							
GPIB		Option	nal: GU	G-001 ((GPIB to	USB Ad	apter)				
Environmental Conditions		0°C -	50°C								
Operating temperature		0°C to									
Storage temperature			:o 70°C								
Operating humidity					condens						
Storage humidity				,	ondensa	ation					
Altitude		Maxim	านm 2 0 (00m							
General Specifications			a.)								
Weight (main unit only)	kg	Appro									
Dimensions (W x H x D)	mm		24 x 350			6					
Cooling					internal						
EMC		Class A	A test an	d measu	pean EN prement	products	5.				
Safety					pean Lo e CE-ma		je				
Withstand voltage		Betwe	en inpu	t and ch	assis: N		malities				
				r 1 min			1				
				t and ou or 1 min	itput: N ute.	o abnor	malities				
		Between output and chassis: No abnormalities at 500 Vdc for 1 minute for 30V, 40, 80V, 160V models.									
		250V, 8	800V m	odels.		-	inute for				
Insulation resistance		Betwee		t and ch	assis: 5	00 Vdc,	100MΩ				
		Betwee	en inpu	t and oi	ıtput: 50	0 Vdc, 1	00M Ω or				
		Betwee or mo	re for 30 s. 1000	DV, 40V,	:hassis: 80V, 160)MΩ or	DV and 2					

^{*1} At 85 ~ 132Vac or 170 ~ 265Vac, constant load.

- *² From No-load to Full-load, constant input voltage. Measured at the sensing point in Remote Sense.
- *3 Measure with JEITA RC-9131B (1:1) probe
- *4 Measurement frequency bandwidth is 10Hz to 20MHz.
- *⁵ Measurement frequency bandwidth is 5Hz to 1MHz.
- *6 From 10% to 90% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.
- *7 From 90% to 10% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.
- *8 Time for output voltage to recover within 0.1% + 10mV of its rated output for
- a load change from 50 to 100% of its rated output current.
- ^{*9} For load voltage change, equal to the unit voltage rating, constant input voltage.

PSW 720W

PSW 30-72, PSW 40-54, PSW 80-27, PSW 160-14.4,

PSW 250-9, 800-2.88

		PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW				
Model	Unit	30-72	40-54	80-27	160-14.4	250-9	800-2.88				
Rated Output Voltage	V	30	40	80	160	250	800				
Rated Output Current	Α	72	54	27	14.4	9	2.88				
Rated Output Power	W	720	720	720	720	720	720				
Power Ratio		3	3	3	3.2	3.125	3.2				
Constant Voltage Mode											
Line Regulation*1	mV	18	23	43	83	128	403				
Load Regulation ^{*2}	mV	20	25	45	85	130	405				
Ripple and Noise*3											
<u>p-p*4</u>	mV	80	80	80	80	100	200				
r.m.s *5	mV	11	11	11	15	15	30				
Temperature coefficient	ppm /°C	ppm 100ppm/°C of rated output voltage, after a 30 /°C minute warm-up.									
Remote sense											
compensation voltage	V	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1	1				
(single wire)											
Rise Time ^{*6}											
Rated Load	ms	50	50	50	100	100	150				
No Load	ms	50	50	50	100	100	150				
Fall Time ^{*7}											
Rated Load	ms	50	50	50	100	150	300				
No Load	ms	500	500	500	1000	1200	2000				
Transient response time ^{*8}	ms	1	1	1	2	2	2				
Constant Current Mode											
Line regulation*1	mΑ	77	59	32	19.4	14	7.88				
Load regulation*9	mA	77	59	32	19.4	14	7.88				
Ripple and noise											
r.m.s ^{*5}	mA	144	108	54	30	20	10				
Temperature coefficient	ppm /°C		om/°C (te warn		l output cı	urrent, af	ter a 30				
Protection Function	·										
Over voltage protection (OVP)											
Setting range		V 3-3	3 4.	-44 8	3-88 16-	176 20-	275 20-880				

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APPENDIX

C. III'		(20/					
Setting accuracy		± (2%	of rated	output	voltage)		
Over current protection							
(OCP)				~ 7			
Setting range	Α	5-79.2		29.7	1.44- 15.84	0.9-9.9	0.288- 3.168
Setting accuracy		± (2%	of rated	output	current)		
Overheat(Over temperature)							
protection (OHP (OTP))							
Operation		Turn th	ie outpi	it off.			
Low AC input protection (AC-							
FAIL)							
Operation		Turn th	ie outpu	it off.			
Power limit (POWER LIMIT)							
Operation		Over p	ower lir	nit.			
Value (fixed)		Approx	. 1 0 5%	of rated	output	power	
Analog Programming and Mo	nit				·		
External voltage control		Accurac	y and li	nearity:	±0.5% o	f rated c	output
output voltage		voltage.					
External voltage control		Accurac	y and li	nearity:	±1% of ı	rated ou	tput
output current		current.					
External resistor control		Accurac	y and li	nearity:	±1.5% o	f rated c	output
output voltage		voltage.					
External resistor control		Accurac	y and li	nearity:	±1.5% o	f rated c	output
output current		current.					
Output voltage monitor							
Accuracy	%	±l	±l	±l	±l	±2	±2
Output current monitor							
Accuracy	%	±l	±1	±l	±1	±2	±2
Shutdown control		Turns th	ie outpu	it or po	wer off w	vith a LC	W (0V
		to 0.5V)					
Output on/off control		Possible	e logic s	electior	ıs:		
		Turn the	e output	on usi	ng a LOV	W (0V to	0.5V) or
					output of		
		(4.5V to	5V) or	open-ci	rcuit.		
		Turn the	e output	on usi	ng a HIG	iH (4.5V	' to 5V)
		or open	-circuit,	turn th	e output	off usin	ga
					nort-circu		
CV/CC/ALM/PWR ON/OUT		Photoco	oupler o	pen col	lector ou	itput; M	aximum
ON indicator		voltage	30V, ma	iximum	sink cur	rent 8m	A.
Front Panel							
Display, 4 digits							
Voltage accuracy 0.1% +	m١	/ 20	20	20	100	200	400
Current accuracy 0.1% +	m	A 70	60	40	30	10	4
Indications		GREE	N LED's	: CV, CC	2, VSR, I	SR, DLY,	RMT,
		20, 40,	<u>, 60, 80,</u>	100, %	W, W, V,	Α	

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		RED LI	ED's: Al	_M				
Buttons	Function, OVP/OCP, Set, Test, Lock/Local, PWR DSPL, Output							
Knobs		Voltage, Current						
USB port		Type A USB connector						
Programming and Measurer	nent							
Output voltage programmin	g							
accuracy 0.1% +	тV	10	10	10	100	200	400	
Output current programmin	g							
accuracy 0.1% +	mA	60	50	30	15	10	4	
Output voltage programmin	g							
resolution	тV	1	1	2	3	5	14	
Output current programmin	g							
resolution	mA	2	2	2	2	1	1	
Output voltage measuremer	nt							
accuracy 0.1% +	mV	10	10	10	100	200	400	
Output current measuremer	nt							
accuracy 0.1% +	mA	60	50	30	15	10	4	
Output voltage measuremer	nt							
resolution	mV	1	1	2	3	5	14	
Output current measuremer	nt							
resolution	mA	2	2	2	2	1	1	
Series and Parallel Capability	/							
Parallel number	Jnits	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Series Number	Jnits	2	2	2	2	None	None	
Input Characteristics								
Nominal input rating		100Vac	to 240	/ac, 50⊢	Iz to 60	Hz, sing	le phase	
Input voltage range		85Vac -	~ 265Va	с				
Input voltage range		47Hz ~	- 63Hz					
Maximum input current								
100Vac	А	10						
200Vac	А	5						
Inrush current		Less th	an 50A.					
Maximum input power	VA	1000						
Power factor								
100Vac		0.99						
200Vac		0.97						
Efficiency								
100Vac	%	77	78	78	79	79	80	
200Vac	%	79	80	80	81	81	82	
Hold-up time			or greate					

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Interface Capabilities	
USB	TypeA: Host, TypeB: Slave, Speed: 1.1/2.0, USB Class: CDC(Communications Device Class)
LAN	MAC Address, DNS IP Address, User
	Password, Gateway IP Address, Instrument IP Address, Subnet Mask
GPIB	Optional: GUG-001 (GPIB to USB Adapter)
Environmental Conditions	
Operating temperature	0°C to 50°C
Storage temperature	-25°C to 70°C
Operating humidity	20% to 85% RH; No condensation
Storage humidity	90% RH or less; No condensation
Altitude	Maximum 2000m
General Specifications	
Weight (main unit only) kg	g Approx. 5kg
Dimensions (W x H x D) m	m 142 x 124 x 350
Cooling	Forced air cooling by internal fan.
EMC	Complies with the European EMC directive for Class A test and measurement products.
Safety	Complies with the European Low Voltage Directive and carries the CE-marking.
Withstand voltage	Between input and chassis: No abnormalities at 1500 Vac for 1 minute.
	Between input and output: No abnormalities at 3000 Vac for 1 minute.
	Between output and chassis: No
	abnormalities at 500 Vdc for 1 minute for 30V,
	40, 80V, 160V models.
	No abnormalities at 1500 Vdc for 1 minute for
	250V, 800V models.
Insulation resistance	Between input and chassis: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more
	Between input and output: 500 Vdc, $100M\Omega$ or
	more
	Between output and chassis: 500 Vdc, $100M\Omega$
	or more for 30V, 40V, 80V, 160V and 250V
	models. 1000Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 800V models.
	moucis.

- $^{\ast 1}$ At 85 \sim 132Vac or 170 \sim 265Vac, constant load.
- *² From No-load to Full-load, constant input voltage. Measured at the sensing ^{*3} Measure with JEITA RC-9131B (1:1) probe
 ^{*4} Measurement frequency bandwidth is 10Hz to 20MHz.

- *5 Measurement frequency bandwidth is 5Hz to 1MHz.
- *6 From 10% to 90% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.
- *7 From 90% to 10% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.
- *8 Time for output voltage to recover within 0.1% + 10mV of its rated output for
- a load change from 50 to 100% of its rated output current.
- ^{*9} For load voltage change, equal to the unit voltage rating, constant input voltage.

PSW 1080W

PSW 30-108, PSW 40-81, PSW 80-40.5, PSW 160-21.6, PSW 250-13.5, 800-4.32

		PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW		
Model		30-108		80-40.5			800-4.32		
Rated Output Voltage	V	30	40	80	160	250	800		
Rated Output Current	А	108	81	40.5	21.6	13.5	4.32		
Rated Output Power	W	1080	1080	1080	1080	1080	1080		
Power Ratio		3	3	3	3.2	3.125	3.2		
Constant Voltage Mode									
Line Regulation*1	mV	18	23	43	83	128	403		
Load Regulation*2	тV	20	25	45	85	130	405		
Ripple and Noise*3									
p-p*4	mV	100	100	100	100	120	200		
r.m.s *5	mV	14	14	14	20	15	30		
Temperature coefficient	pp m/° C		100ppm/°C of rated output voltage, after a 30 minute warm-up.						
Remote sense									
compensation voltage (single wire)	V	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1	1		
Rise Time ^{*6}									
Rated Load	ms	50	50	50	100	100	150		
No Load	ms	50	50	50	100	100	150		
Fall Time ^{*7}									
Rated Load	ms	50	50	50	100	150	300		
No Load	ms	500	500	500	1000	1200	2000		
Transient response time ^{*8}	ms	1	1	1	2	2	2		
Constant Current Mode									
Line regulation*1	mΑ	113	86	45.5	26.6	18.5	9.32		
Load regulation ^{*9}	mΑ	113	86	45.5	26.6	18.5	9.32		
Ripple and noise									
r.m.s ^{*5}	mΑ	216	162	81	45	30	15		
Temperature coefficient	pp m/° C	200ppm/°C of rated output current, after a 30 minute warm-up.							
Protection Function									
Over voltage protection	(OVF	')							

Setting range	V	3-33	4-44	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
Setting accuracy		± (2%	of rated	output	voltage)		
Over current protection					0,		
(OCP)							
Setting range		5-		4.05-	2.16-	1.35-	0.432-
0 0	A	118.8	5-89.1	44.55	23.76	14.85	4.752
Setting accuracy		± (2%	of rated	output	current)		
Overheat(Over temperature)					,		
protection (OHP (OTP))							
Operation		Turn t	he outpu	ut off.			
Low AC input protection			· · ·				
(AC-FAIL)							
Operation		Turn t	he outpu	ut off.			
Power limit (POWER LIMIT)			I				
Operation		Over	power lin	nit.			
Value (fixed)					output	oower	
Analog Programming and M	oni						
External voltage control			y and lir	nearity: ±	⊧0.5% of	rated ou	utput
output voltage		voltage		,			'
External voltage control				nearity: ±	⊧1% of ra	ted out	put
output current		current	•				
External resistor control		Accura	v and lir	nearity: =	±1.5% of	rated ou	utput
output voltage		voltage		,			'
External resistor control				nearity: ±	±1.5% of	rated ou	utput
output current		current	•	,			'
Output voltage monitor							
Accuracy	%	±l	±1	±1	±1	±2	±2
Output current monitor							
Accuracy	%	±1	±1	±1	±1	±2	±2
Shutdown control			ne outpu	t or pow	/er off wi	th a LO	W (0V
			or shor				
Output on/off control							
	Possible logic selections: Turn the output on using a LOW (0V to 0.5V) or						
					utput off		
						0	
	(4.5V to 5V) or open-circuit. Turn the output on using a HIGH (4.5V to 5V)						
	or open-circuit, turn the output off using a LOW						
(0V to 0.5V) or short-circuit.							
CV/CC/ALM/PWR					ector out	put; Ma	ximum
ON/OUT ON indicator					sink curr		
Front Panel		0					
Display, 4 digits							
Voltage accuracy 0.1% +	m	V 20	20	20	100	200	400
Current accuracy 0.1% +	m	A 100	80	50	30	20	6

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Indications				: CV, CC 100, %			RMT,
			ED's: A				
Buttons			on, OVI DSPL, O	P/OCP, Soutput	Set, Test	, Lock/L	ocal,
Knobs			e, Curre				
USB port				onnector	r		
Programming and Measurer	ment						
Output voltage programmin			,	,			
accuracy 0.1% +	σmV	10	10	10	100	200	400
Output current programmin	g						
accuracy 0.1% +	•	100	80	40	20	15	6
Output voltage programmin	g						
resolution	σmV	1	1	2	3	5	14
Output current programmin	g						
resolution	mA	3	3	3	3	1	1
Output voltage measuremen							
accuracy 0.1% +	mV	10	10	10	100	200	400
Output current measuremen	nt						
accuracy 0.1% +		100	80	40	20	15	6
Output voltage measuremen	nt						
resolution	mV	1	1	2	3	5	14
Output current measuremen	nt						
resolution	mA	3	3	3	3	1	1
Series and Parallel Capability	у						
Parallel number	Units	3	3	3	3	3	3
Series Number	Units	2	2	2	2	None	None
Input Characteristics							
Nominal input rating		100Vac	to 240V	/ac, 50H	z to 60⊢	lz, singl	e phase
Input voltage range		85Vac ~	- 265Vac	2			
Input voltage range		47Hz ~	63Hz				
Maximum input current							
100Vac	А	15					
200Vac	А	7.5					
Inrush current		Less th	an 75A.				
Maximum input power	VA	1500					
Power factor							
100Vac		0.99					
200Vac		0.97					
Efficiency		••••					
100Vac	%	77	78	78	79	79	80
200Vac	-	79	80	80	81	81	82
Hold-up time			r greate			<u>.</u> .	
·····			0				

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Interface Capabilities		
USB		TypeA: Host, TypeB: Slave, Speed: 1.1/2.0, USB Class: CDC(Communications Device Class)
LAN		MAC Address, DNS IP Address, User
		Password, Gateway IP Address, Instrument IP
		Address, Subnet Mask
GPIB		Optional: GUG-001 (GPIB to USB Adapter)
Environmental Conditions		
Operating temperature		0°C to 50°C
Storage temperature		-25°C to 70°C
Operating humidity		20% to 85% RH; No condensation
Storage humidity		90% RH or less; No condensation
Altitude		Maximum 2000m
General Specifications		
Weight (main unit only)	kg	Approx. 7.5kg
Dimensions (W x H x D)	mm	214 x 124 x 350
Cooling		Forced air cooling by internal fan.
EMC		Complies with the European EMC directive for Class A test and measurement products.
Safety		Complies with the European Low Voltage Directive and carries the CE-marking.
Withstand voltage		Between input and chassis: No abnormalities at 1500 Vac for 1 minute.
		Between input and output: No abnormalities at 3000 Vac for 1 minute.
		Between output and chassis: No abnormalities at 500 Vdc for 1 minute for 30V, 40, 80V, 160V models.
		No abnormalities at 1500 Vdc for 1 minute for 250V, 800V models.
Insulation resistance		Between input and chassis: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more
		Between input and output: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more
		Between output and chassis: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 30V, 40V, 80V, 160V and 250V models. 1000Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 800V models.

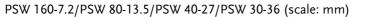
*1 At 85 ~ 132Vac or 170 ~ 265Vac, constant load.

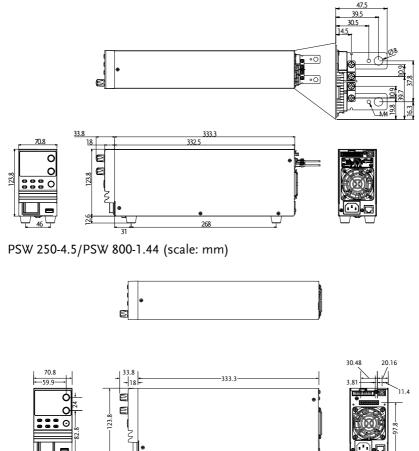
- *2 From No-load to Full-load, constant input voltage. Measured at the sensing point in Remote Sense. *3 Measure with JEITA RC-9131B (1:1) probe
- *4 Measurement frequency bandwidth is 10Hz to 20MHz.
- *5 Measurement frequency bandwidth is 5Hz to 1MHz.

- *6 From 10% to 90% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.
- ^{*7} From 90% to 10% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.
- *8 Time for output voltage to recover within 0.1% + 10mV of its rated output for
- a load change from 50 to 100% of its rated output current.
- ^{*9} For load voltage change, equal to the unit voltage rating, constant input voltage.

PSW Dimensions

Type I





ø1

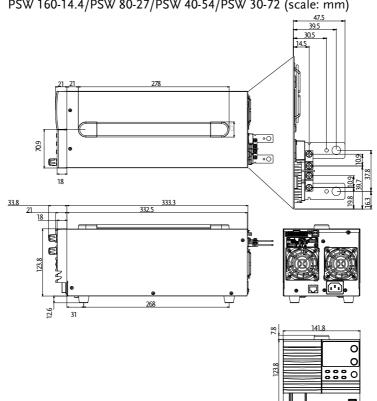
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12.6-

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Type II

PSW 160-14.4/PSW 80-27/PSW 40-54/PSW 30-72 (scale: mm)



99.6

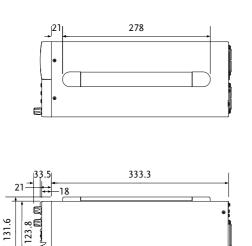
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Type II

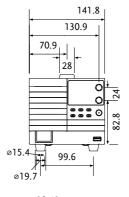
12.6

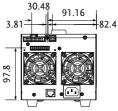
31

PSW 250-9/PSW 800-2.88 (scale: mm)



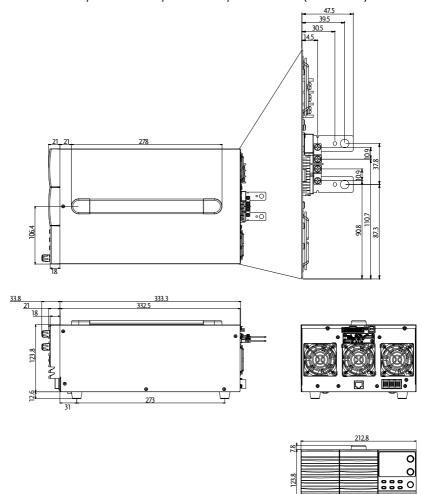
268





Type III

PSW 160-21.6/PSW 80-40.5/PSW 40-81/PSW 30-108 (scale: mm)

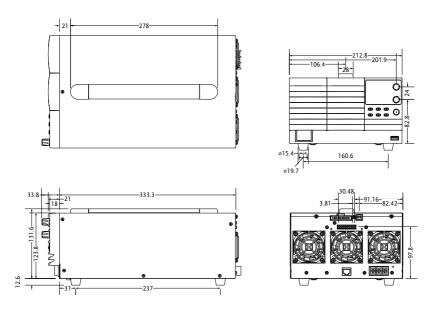


160.6

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Type III

PSW 250-13.5/PSW 800-4.32 (scale: mm)



Certificate Of Compliance

We

GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

declare that the CE marking mentioned product

satisfies all the technical relations application to the product within the scope of council:

Directive: EMC; LVD; WEEE; RoHS

The product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents:

EN 61326-1Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use EMC requirementsConducted & Radiated Emission EN 55011 / EN 55032Electrical Fast Transients EN 61000-4-4Current HarmonicsSurge Immunity EN 61000-3-2 / EN 61000-3-12						
EN 55011 / EN 55032EN 61000-4-4Current HarmonicsSurge Immunity						
0 5						
Voltage FluctuationsConducted SusceptibilityEN 61000-3-3 / EN 61000-3-11EN 61000-4-6						
Electrostatic DischargePower Frequency Magnetic FieldEN 61000-4-2EN 61000-4-8						
Radiated ImmunityVoltage Dip/ InterruptionEN 61000-4-3EN 61000-4-11 / EN 61000-4-34						
◎ Safety						
EN 61010-1 : Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use - Part 1: General requirements						
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