

# Power Meter 5335C



The 5335C is a compact, single-phase AC / DC power meter for measuring and analyzing power consumption and power quality parameters quickly and accurately. It supports power measurements up to 600 Vrms and 20 Arms, with a bandwidth up to of 100 kHz.

## Applications

Measure power, electrical energy bought or sold back to the power grid, inverters, harmonics of motors, un-interruptible power supplies, appliances, and consumer electronics.

## **Rich Measurement Functions**

Measure all AC and DC parameters, including power, current, voltage, power factor, frequency, and phase. Additionally, the meter features a powerful integration function, the ability to perform harmonic measurements to the 50<sup>th</sup> order and an oscilloscope mode for viewing voltage and current readings in the time domain.

12 real-time parameters can be measured and displayed simultaneously in user customizable views.



#### Features & benefits

- 600 Vrms (Cat II) and 20 Arms direct input ranges
- Frequency ranges DC, 0.5 Hz to 100 kHz
- 0.1% basic accuracy for voltage and current measurements
- 4.3-inch color LCD (TFT)
- Simultaneously measure and display up to 12 measurement parameters
- Capture inrush current, and voltage surge with the peak function
- Harmonic measurements to the 50<sup>th</sup> order
- Integration function with automatic range switching
- Ability to measure electrical energy which is produced or consumed
- Pre-compliance testing according to IEC/EN 62000-3-2 / 4-7
- Standard USB (USBTMC-Compliant), RS232 and LAN interfaces
- Line and frequency filter capability for reducing unwanted signal noise
- Optional universal breakout box to simplify connection between power meter and DUT

Model	Basic voltage and current accuracy	Measurement range		Input	Na	
		Voltage	Current	bandwidth	Measurements	
5335C	±(0.1% + 0.2% F.S.)	0 - 600 Vrms	0 - 20 Arms	DC, 0.5 Hz – 100 kHz	Voltage, Current, Active power, Reactive power, Apparent power, Power factor, Phase angle, Frequency, V Max/V Min, A Max/A Min, Crest factor, Integration, Harmonic distortion factor, Total harmonic distortion (THD)	

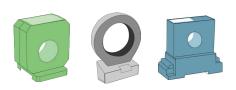
## **Flexible operation**

#### Harmonic measurement

Voltage, current, active power, reactive power and phase values of each harmonic can be measured and displayed as a list or bar chart, enabling the user to quickly visualize and analyze the results. Total harmonic distortion (THD) can be evaluated up to the 50th order with the ability to display individual harmonic components.



#### **Current sensor input**

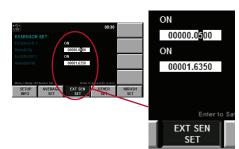


Example current transducers

Current measurements above 20 A are supported by connecting an external current sensor to the external sensor interface.



External sensor interface



To accommodate commonly available current sensor types, users can select from the 50 mV - 2 V or 2.5 V - 10 V ranges.

### Motor testing



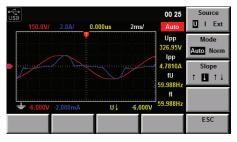
Many industrial products use PWM as a speed control method. The 5335C is able to measure input signals ranging from 0.5 Hz - 100 kHz and input voltages up to 600 V. Current can be monitored directly or by using external industry standard sensors.

#### Integration measurement



The integration function is useful for analyzing bought and sold electrical energy of a grid tied power systems. The 5335C meter provides current integral and active power integral (Wh) functionality using automatic range switching for accurate measurement results.

## **Oscilloscope function**



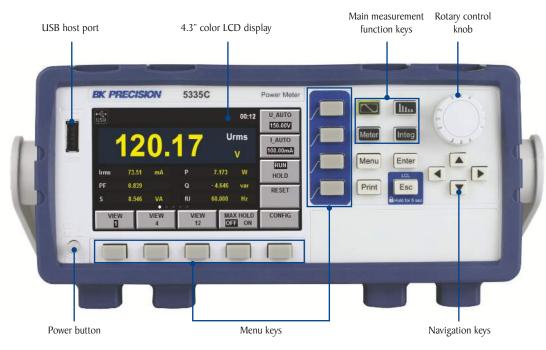
Displays waveforms of sampled voltage and current.

## Optional universal breakout box



The optional TLBB53 breakout box simplifies AC line connection between the power meter and the DUT, and eliminates the need to cut the power cord and strip wires to connect to the power meter. This breakout box supports easy plug in connection and uses a universal socket to support most plugs used worldwide. A circuit breaker/ switch is also provided for additional protection.

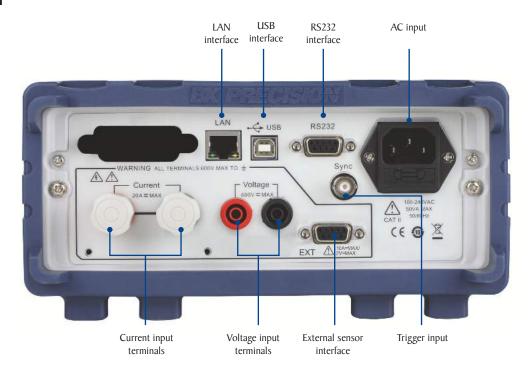
## **Front panel**



### Intuitive user interface

The large 4.3 inch color LCD screen enables easy viewing of configuration and measurements. Use the dedicated function keys to select one of the 4 main measurement modes: meter, harmonic, integral or oscilloscope. The results are displayed in numeric and graphical format. Screenshots can be saved directly to a USB flash drive.

## **Rear panel**



# **Specifications**

Specifications are subject to the following conditions Temperature:  $23\pm5^{\circ}$  C, humidity: 30 to 75% RH. Warm-up time: 30 minutes

Model	5335C					
General Measurement Specifica	ations					
	Voltage, Current	Peak to peak, Maximum, Minimum, Average_rms, Average_rectified, DC, Crest factor (current), Inrush (current)				
Basic measurements	Power	Real, Apparent, Reactive, DC, Power factor				
	Time	Frequency, Phase				
	Integration	Total power, Total current, Maximum power, Minimum power				
	Туре	Current, Voltage, Real power, Apparent power, Reactive power, Power factor, Phase, Percentage of total (Current, Voltage, Power)				
Harmonic measurements	Range	DC up to 50 <sup>th</sup> order				
	Max. Frequency	100 kHz				
Input bandwidth	DC, 0.5 Hz to 100 kHz					
Measurement method	Digital sampling					
A/D Converter	Simultaneous conversion of voltage and current inputs, Resolution: 18-bit, Maximum conversion rate: 10 µs					
Line filter	Select OFF or ON (cutoff frequency at 500 Hz)					
Peak (max,min)	Voltage, current, or power					
Input voltage continuous max.	I.5 kV-peak or I kV-RMS, whichever is less					
Input voltage transient ( <is) max<="" td=""><td colspan="5">2 kV-peak or I.5 kV-RMS, whichever is less</td></is)>	2 kV-peak or I.5 kV-RMS, whichever is less					
Input voltage common-mode max	600 Vrms					
Voltage input impedance	$2 M\Omega + 13 pF$ in parallel (typical)					
	5 mA to 200 mA range	505 mΩ + 0.1 μH				
Current input	0.5 A to 20 A range	5 mΩ + 0.1 μH				
impedance (typical)	Sensor input	20 kΩ (50 mV to 2 V) 100 kΩ (2.5 V to 10 V)				
	5 mA to 200 mA range	30 A-peak or 20 A-RMS, whichever is less				
Input current continuous max.	0.5 A to 20 A range	100 A-peak or 30 A-RMS, whichever is less				
	Sensor input	Peak value less than or equal to 5 times the rated range				
	5 mA to 200 mA range	30 A-peak or 20 A-RMS, whichever is less				
Input current transient ( <is) max<="" td=""><td>0.5 A to 20 A range</td><td>150 A-peak or 40 A-RMS, whichever is less</td></is)>	0.5 A to 20 A range	150 A-peak or 40 A-RMS, whichever is less				
	Sensor input	Peak value less than or equal to 10 times the rated range				
Voltage Measurement Accuracy	/ and Ranges					
Ranges	CF=3: I5 V, 30 V, 60 V, I50 V, 300 V, 600 V CF=6: 7.5 V, I5 V, 30 V, 75 V, I50 V, 300 V					
	DC to I kHz	±(0.1% + 0.2% F.S.)				
Accuracy <sup>2</sup> (line, frequency, &	$I \text{ kHz} < f \le 10 \text{ kHz}$	±((0.07 f <sup>1</sup> )% + 0.3% F.S.)				
digital filter set to off)	$10 \text{ kHz} < f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$	$\pm (0.5\% + 0.5\% \text{ F.S.}) \pm [\{0.04 \times (f^1 - 10)\}\%]$				
Temperature	For temperature changes after zero-level compensation or range change	+ 0.02% F.S. /°C to the DC voltage accuracy				
coefficient	Influence of self-generated heat caused by voltag input (U is the voltage reading (V))	+ 0.0000001 × $U^2$ % to the AC voltage accuracy + 0.0000001 × $U^2$ % + 0.0000001 × $U^2$ % F.S. to DC current accuracy				

<sup>1</sup> Input signal frequency in kHz

<sup>2</sup> Input waveform: Sine wave crest factor: 3, common-mode voltage: 0 V, power factor: 1 Frequency filter: Turn on when measuring  $\leq$  200 Hz

# **Specifications (cont.)**

Current Measur	ement Accur	acy and Ran	iges							
	D:			CF= 3	:5 mA, 10 mA, 20 mA, 50	mA, 100 mA, 200 mA, 0.	.5 A, I A, 2 A, 5 A, I0 A	, 20 A		
Direct input range				CF= 6:2.5 mA, 5 mA, 10 mA, 25 mA, 50 mA, 100 mA, 250 mA, 0.5 A, 1 A, 2.5 A, 5 A, 10 A						
Sensor input range		ernal I			CF = 3: 2.5 V, 5 V, 10 V CF = 6: 1.25 V, 2.5 V, 5 V					
		External 2		CF= 3: 50 mV, 100 mV, 200 mV, 500 mV, 1 V, 2 V CF= 6: 25 mV, 50 mV, 100 mV, 250 mV, 500 mV, 1 V						
		DC to I kHz		±(0.1% + 0.2% F.S.)						
Accuracy <sup>2</sup> (line, 1 digital filter se		l kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz		$\pm \{(0.07 \text{ f}^{1})\% + 0.3\% \text{ F.S.}\}$						
uigitai inter si			f ≤ 100 kHz		±(0.5% +	$\pm (0.5\% + 0.5\% \text{ F.S.}) \pm [\{0.04 \times (f^{1} - 10)\}\%]$				
		2.5 to	200 mA	/0 mA		ro-level compensation, or	r range change)			
Temperat		500 mA to 20 A		500 $\mu\text{A}/\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (after zero-level compensation, or range change)						
coefficie				+ 0.00013 × $I^2$ % of reading to the AC current accuracies + 0.00013 × $I^2$ % of reading + 0.004 × $I^2$ mA (0.5 to 20 A) or						
	sensor se		elf-heating	$0.00013 \times I^2$ % of reading + $0.00004 \times I^2$ mA (2.5 to 200 mA), add to the DC current accuracy specifications						
Power Measure	ment Accura	су								
			C	OC .	±(0.1% + 0.2% F.S.)					
			0.5 Hz ≤	f < 45 Hz	±(0.3% + 0.2% F.S.)					
			45 Hz ≤	f ≤ 66 Hz	$\pm (0.1\% + 0.1\% \text{ F.S.})$					
Real power	accuracy <sup>2,3</sup>	$(CF = 3)^4$	66 Hz <	f ≤ I kHz	±(0.2% + 0.2% F.S.)					
			l kHz < f	≤ 10 kHz	10 kHz ±(0.1% + 0.3% F.S.) ± [{0.067×(f-1)}%]					
			10 kHz < f	≤ 100 kHz	±(0.5% + 0.5% F.S.) ± [{0.09×(f-10)}%]					
Apparent power (S)				Voltage accuracy + current accuracy						
Reactive power (Q)				Apparent power accuracy + $(\sqrt{1.0004-PF^2}) - (\sqrt{1-PF^2}) \times 100\%$						
Power factor (PF)			±	$\pm$ [(PF–PF/1.0002) + abs(cosØ - cos{Ø+sin <sup>-1</sup> (influence from the power factor when PF=0%/100)})] $\pm$ 1 digit when voltage and current are at the measurement range rated input						
Phase angle (Φ)				$\pm$ [abs(Ø - cos <sup>-1</sup> (PF/1.0002)) + sin <sup>-1</sup> {(influence from the power factor when PF=0%)/100}] deg $\pm$ 1 digit when voltage and current are at the measurement range rated input						
Tempe	rature coeffici	ient		Same as the temperature coefficient for voltage and current						
Frequency Meas	surement Ac	curacy								
Frequency	Data update	interval	0.1 s	0.25 s	0.5 s	l s	2 s	5 s		
measurement range	Measuremer	nt range 25	$Hz \le f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$	$10 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 100 \text{ kH}$	$fz = 5 Hz \le f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$	$2.5 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$	1.5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 50 kHz	0.5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 20 kH		
Accuracy	±0.06%			1	(CF 3 and signal <30% F.S.) or, (CF 6 and signal <60% F.S.), and $\leq$ 200 Hz with frequency filter on					
Frequency filter	equency filter				500 Hz low-pass					

<sup>1</sup> Input signal frequency in kHz

 $^{2}$  Input waveform: Sine wave crest factor: 3, common-mode voltage: 0 V, power factor: 1 Frequency filter: Turn on when measuring  $\leq$  200 Hz

 $^{3}$  When power factor (PF)=0 (apparent power (S)):

 $\pm 0.2\%$  of S when 45 Hz  $\leq f \leq 66$  Hz  $\pm \{(0.2 + 0.2 \times f)\% \text{ of } S\} \text{ when } 0.066 \leq f \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ 

When 0 < PF < 1 (phase angle ( $\Phi$ )): (power reading ) × [(power reading error %) + (power range %) × (power range/indicated apparent power value) + {tan $\Phi$ × (influence when PF=0)%}]

When the line filter is turned ON: 45 to 66 Hz: Add 0.3% of reading

<45 Hz: Add 1% of reading

 $^{\rm 4}$  Accuracy when the crest factor is set to 6, the accuracy is obtained by doubling specified accuracies

# **Specifications (cont.)**

Harmonic Measurement Param	eters								
Measurement method				PLL synchronization					
Frequency range		PLL frequency source range 10 Hz to 1.2 kHz (typical)							
FFT data length		1024							
Window function		Rectangle							
Fundamental frequency (Fund.	freq.)	10 Hz to 75 Hz	75 Hz to 150 Hz	150 Hz to 300 Hz	300 Hz to 600 Hz	600 Hz to I200 Hz			
Sample rate		(Fund. freq.) x 1024	(Fund. freq.) x 512	(Fund. freq.) x 256	(Fund. freq.) x 128	(Fund. freq.) x 64			
Window width		I	2	4	8	16			
Upper limit of analysis orde	rs	50	32	16	8	4			
Harmonic Measurement Accur	acy (when	line filter is off)	1	I	1	1			
Frequency		10 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 440 Hz	440 Hz < f ≤ I kHz	l kHz < f ≤ 2.5 kHz	2.5 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz			
Voltage and current		±0.15% ± 0.35% F.S.	±0.15% ± 0.35% F.S.	±0.20% ± 0.35% F.S.	±0.80% ± 0.45% F.S.	3.05% ± 0.45% F.S.			
Power		±0.15% ± 0.50% F.S.	±0.20% ± 0.50% F.S.	±0.40% ± 0.50% F.S.	1.56% ± 0.60% F.S.	5.77% ± 0.60% F.S.			
Oscilloscope Function				·	·	·			
Channels		2							
Measurement		Voltage and current							
Bandwidth (-3 dB)		IO kHz							
Sample rate		100 kS/s							
Record length		300 points/channel							
Horizontal scale (Accuracy ±4	.0%)	500 us, 1 ms, 2 ms, 5 ms, 10 ms, 20 ms, 50 ms, 100 ms, 200 ms, 500 ms							
Vertical scale ranges	CF 3	I: 2.5, 5, 10, 25, 50, 100, 250, 500 mA/div, I A, 2.5 A, 5 A, 10 A/div, U: 7.5, 15, 30, 75, 150, 300 V/div							
(Accuracy ±4.0%)	CF 6	I: 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500 mA/div, I A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A/div, U: 15, 30, 60, 150, 300, 600 V/div							
Maximum input voltage (DC+AC peak)		1800 V							
Maximum input current (DC+AC peak)		60 A							
Environmental and Safety									
Temperature		Operating: 41 °F to 104 °F (5 °C to 40 °C) Storage: -4 °F to 122 °F (-20 °C to 50 °C)							
Humidity		20% RH to 80% RH (non-condensing)							
Electromagnetic compatibility		IEC 61326							
Safety		IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1, Measurement 600 V CAT II							
General		·							
Display		4.3" TFT-LCD display, 480 x 272							
Remote Interfaces		USB (USBTMC-Compliant), RS232, LAN							
Power		100 to 240 VAC, 50 / 60 Hz							
Power Consumption		50 VA max.							
Dimensions (W x H x D)		8.4" x 3.5" x 14" (214.5 mm × 88.2 mm × 354.6 mm)							
Weight		6.2 lbs (2.8 kg)							
Warranty		3 Years							
Standard Accessories		Getting started manua	l, instruction manual (downl	oadable), AC power cord. U	ISB type A-to-type B cable, o	certificate of calibration			